



A Sure Remedy

every case and every kind of Hemorrhoids or piles is

Salva-cea (TRADE-MARK). This statement can't be made too strong or too emphatic. It is a simple, certain, speedy cure for

umatism, Eczema, onvulsions, Chillsblains, Sore Muscles, Burns, Toothache, Cuts, Sore Throat, Ulcers.

Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents. At druggists, or by mail. FRANKLIN CO., 274 CANAL ST., N. Y.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PET CLEANSING

Or Steam Scouring,

for Woolen Carpets, Rugs, Mats, &c.

cleanse without heating, restores the color to original brilliancy, at

STER'S FOREST CITY DYE HOUSE

AND STEAM

pet Cleaning Works,

Proble St. Telephone Connection.

117-119 Middle St.

SEWING MACHINES

OVERS

who have never had the advantages

sional education are amazed and delighted

the whole realm of music opened to

rough the use of an Aeolian, without

these effects so offensive to a musical

OLIAN RECITALS DAILY

all are cordially invited.

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

McGouldrick, Mgr., 617 Congress St.

Map-armed.

CHAMMOIS

SKINS

needed just at this time for

underwears and lung pro-

Also for lining the winter

hats.

have just received a fine

extra large, white and free

seams.

good ones at 50, 60 and 75c.

H. HAY & SON,

MIDDLE STREET.

EXCURSION

TO—

MASTON AND ROCKLAND

Via MAINE CENTRAL R. R.,

Saturday, Oct. 3.

KETS GOOD FOR RETURN UNTIL MONDAY.

gursionists will take the regular morning

leaving Portland, 7 a. m.; Yarmouth, 7.30

Freeport, 7.40 a. m.; Brunswick, 8 a. m.

Regular trains for Portland leave

land 1.30 p. m., 9 p. m.

ickets for the round trip from Portland and

to Yarmouth, \$1.50.

PAYSON TICKETS.

Vice Pres. and General Manager.

BOOTHBY, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

sept28at

ANDERSON, ADAMS & CO.

Fire Insurance Agency,

31 Exchange Street,

Portland, Me.

FACE ANDERSON,

U. S. C. ADAMS,

CLARK & ADAMS.

MEETING SMALL CROWDS.

No Great Turnouts to See Bryan in the South.

POPOCRATIC LEADER HAS INTERVIEW WITH BOURKE COCHRANE.

The Two Great Each Other Cordially and Talk Over Old Times—The Pickpockets Keep a Rich Harvest in West Virginia Town.

Washington, September 30.—Wm. J. Bryan arrived at the Baltimore and Ohio station here at 8.20 this morning. With him were Josephus Daniels of North Carolina; Representative Benton McMillin of Tennessee; Representative Williams of Mississippi; T. J. McGraw, national committeeman from West Virginia; Hon. L. S. Riley, attorney general of West Virginia; Representative L. S. Livingston and a half a dozen newspaper men. Mr. McMillin and Mr. Williams will make the West Virginia trip with Mr. Bryan.

An interesting incident occurred on the train just before it reached Elizabeth, at an early hour this morning. Hon. Bourke Cockran, who made a reply to the Democratic candidate's Madison square speech, at the same place a week later, was in the sleeper in the rear of that occupied by Mr. Bryan. When he heard that Mr. Bryan was on board, he went forward to see him, and entered the state room occupied by the Nebraska man just as the latter was retiring.

The greeting between the two men was extremely cordial. They have known each other well while both were in Congress, and sat for awhile chatting over old times.

There were about 150 people at the Washington station when Mr. Bryan's train arrived, but there was no demonstration. Mr. Bryan did not leave his car. Mr. Bryan's car was attached to the Annapolis train which left the Baltimore and Ohio at 8.20 a. m.

Martinsburg, W. Va., September 30.—The streets of Martinsburg began to accumulate crowds early this morning, and when Wm. J. Bryan arrived at 11.30 the town had assumed quite a metropolitan appearance in point of population. Mr. Bryan was taken to the Martinsburg Valley freight station where he delivered a speech. Fully 6000 people heard him. At 12.15 he left for Cumberland.

Griffin, W. Va., September 30.—W. J. Bryan's train arrived at 11.10 p. m. Mr. Bryan addressed the large and enthusiastic audience at Cumberland and Keyser. Small crowds which showed great enthusiasm greeted Mr. Bryan at each place. Although he made a speech at each place, Mr. Bryan made a speech at each place which he retired for the night. Pickpockets followed the Bryan train all day and reaped a rich harvest. Senator Faulkner lost his purse at Martinsburg, and \$50 was taken from Col. Fitzgerald, the Populist candidate for governor. Mr. Bryan was reported in the train after he left Keyser that a man had been stabbed and killed there in a political quarrel.

McKinley Republicans Much Alive.

Colorado Springs, Colo., September 30.—The McKinley Republican state convention today was largely attended. United States Senator Wolcott, temporary chairman, was received with applause. He made a brief speech. The usual committee were appointed and the convention adjourned till this afternoon. Senator Wolcott informed a reporter that Judge Allen of Denver would doubtless be nominated for governor at the afternoon session.

Fifty-five of the 65 counties of the state were represented at the convention. Senator Wolcott in his speech stated that while he considered the free coinage of silver a necessity of the time, he yet held free government a greater necessity. He had said he would join a great coalition with the free coinage Republican party if it would adopt free silver in its platform, but he never supposed then that he would have to stand on the Chicago platform with Gov. Waite and Gen. Coxe to do it.

At the afternoon session a state ticket was named, for governor, Judge Geo. W. Allen; Presidential electors were also chosen. Strong resolutions were adopted favoring McKinley and Hobart and touching state issues.

Took Warning from Thacher.

New York, September 30.—In reply to a letter of notification, Wilbur F. Porter telegraphed Chairman Danforth today accepting the Democratic nomination for governor. Judge Porter in the dispatch said: "I accept, standing squarely and unhesitatingly on the Buffalo and Chicago platforms, earnestly supporting the nominees of the Chicago convention."

New England Breeders' Meeting.

Readville, Mass., September 30.—The free-for-all trot at the Breeders' meeting today was postponed on account of rain. In the 27.1 trot, Maok won in four heats, best time 2.10 1/4. The 2.14 pace was won by Robinette, best time, 2.12 1/2.

The two year old stakes was won by Lotus, and the four year is unfinished. Ventura and Loretta having each won a head.

Maine Fishermen Drowned at Newport.

Newport, R. I., September 30.—About 10 p. m., Wm. Adams, aged 32, of Boothbay Harbor, Me., was found drowned near the Yacht club landing. He was a fisherman. Monday he was discharged from the hospital where he had been three weeks threatened with typhoid fever. He was one of the crew of the schooner David Oster. Adams had been overboard but a short time, as several men saw him at 9.30. The doctors say the drowning was accidental. Friends with him late last night say he was not intoxicated.

THE CAUSE OF THE STRIKE.

Interview With Assistant Grand Chief Pierson.

Montreal, September 30.—Assistant General Manager Tait, when interviewed last night in regard to the Canadian Pacific strike, said: "Regular men who were paid by the month a settled wage are engaged upon the understanding that they shall give two weeks' notice before they leave. Some of these have left suddenly without giving this notice which they are required alike by an agreement with the company and by law to give; therefore the company is put to some inconvenience. We are besieged with applications for vacant positions and we are running our business as usual."

Assistant Chief Pierson of the order of railroad telegraphers, who ordered the strike, said last night that his reports showed that there was practically a tie-up on the road and that the situation was becoming serious.

"I pleaded in vain with Vice-President Shaugnessy," he said. "We got messages from members of the line, and I urged the order to protect the men who complained that they are poorly paid. The company asks a train despatcher to work for \$35 to \$40 a month, while the United States says they get \$135 and \$150. The men want uniformity of wages and presented a basis of payment which would introduce this uniformity, but Mr. Shaugnessy would not listen to it. The men are compelled to do work which is only fit for laborers. They have to attend to signals, shovel snow, chop wood, attend to the tanks, and walk miles in the snow to carry out their duties. The telegraphers on the Canadian Pacific are not federated with the engineers, conductors and brakemen, but there is a move in this direction which I believe will be accomplished. We have a large protective fund as our disposal, which will be used to help the men. We simply wanted fair play and we want the proper parties to get it. We have been refused, and this strike is the result."

Men All Out on Megantic Division.

St. John, N. B., September 30.—The Canadian Pacific railway telegraphers' strike is in full blast on this division, which extends from this city to Megantic, Quebec. Every regular operator between this city and Vancouver, Me., is out. The officials who understand telegraphy are being pressed into duty at important points and it is not expected that there will be much interruption to the regular passenger trains, but the freight business will suffer.

Strike Practically Over.

Toronto, September 30.—Superintendent Leonard of the Canadian Pacific railway reported this afternoon that the telegraphers' strike is practically over on that part of the road lying between Montreal, Toronto and Detroit. He said the operators here nearly all resumed work, that all trains are running regularly and the affairs of the road in that section practically assumed a normal condition.

Reports From Other Places.

Toronto, Ont., September 30.—Supt. Leonard of the Ontario and Quebec division of the Canadian Pacific railway, declared last night that the telegraphers' strike was practically over on his division. Between London and Windsor, 32 men had returned.

North Boothby, Ont., September 30.—Only two or three operators are working between Chalk river and Sault Ste Marie along the line of the Canadian Pacific. No freight trains were running yesterday.

THE WEATHER.

Boston, September 30.—Local forecast for Thursday: Fair, southwest winds.

Washington, September 30.—For N. W. England: Partly cloudy; possibly local showers; slightly cloudy; westerly winds.

Local Weather Report.

Portland, September 30.—The local weather bureau office records as to the weather are the following:

8 a. m.—Barometer, 29.774; thermometer, 59.0; dew point, 58; humidity, 97; wind, S.W.; velocity, 35; visibility, 10; clouds, 5; moon, 1/2; moonset, 11.15; sunrise, 6.55; sunset, 5.58; moon phase, 1/2; moon age, 14.5; moon distance, 238,000; moon diameter, 2,159; moon surface, 14,696,000; moon volume, 21,958,000; moon mass, 7.34; moon density, 3.34; moon gravity, 1.62; moon temperature, 58.8; maximum velocity wind, 10; total precipitation, .08.

Weather Observations.

The Agricultural Department weather bureau for yesterday September 30 taken at 8 p. m., meridian time, the observation for each station being given in this order: Temperature, direction of the wind, state of the weather:

Boston, 63 degrees, S, clear; New York, 64 degrees, S, clear; Philadelphia, 64 degrees, S, clear; Albany, 66 degrees, S, clear; Buffalo, 64 degrees, S, clear; Detroit, 62 degrees, S, rain; St. Paul, 64 degrees, NE, clear; Huron, 64 degrees, NE, clear; Bismarck, 62 degrees, SE, clear.

A Maine Built Schooner Missing.

Galveston, Tex., September 30.—The schooner Laura, which sailed from New York, August 10, for this port, is now out of days overdue, and has not been heard of since she sailed. Her agent believes she was caught in one of the recent hurricanes on the Atlantic coast. The Laura was built at Millbridge, Me., 1879, and hailed from Boston. She was commanded by Capt. Lamson and is supposed to have carried a crew of eight or ten men.

War Ships Assembling.

Salonica, September 30.—The Italian squadron of warships arrived today, and it is announced the British squadron will soon follow.

Four hundred voters from Centre county, Penn., visited McKinley at Canton yesterday.

For delicate cooking use

Liebig COMPANY'S

Extract of Beef

Gives strength and delicious flavor to all soups, sauces and delicate "made dishes."

31 Exchange Street,

Portland, Me.

FACE ANDERSON,

U. S. C. ADAMS,

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U. S. C. ADAMS,

CLARK & ADAMS.

DOWN TO DEER ISLE.

Portland Men Taken to Boston's Famous Prison.

BUT IT WAS ONLY PLEASURE TRIP NOT FOR BUSINESS.

The Second Day of the City Council's Pilgrimage to the Hub—A Drive Through the Famous Park Way and Trip Down the Bay—Visitors Royally Entertained.

[SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.]

Boston, September 30.—Tonight the Portland city fathers returned home delighted and enthusiastic over their trip to the Hub. From the moment of their arrival in Union station, Boston, until their departure they were treated like princes, given every facility for seeing the public institutions of the city and dined and entertained in the hospitable manner which has made the Boston city government famous all over New England. The lavish expenditure made by the city government of Boston and the ceaseless attention and courtesy with which they cared for their guests have made such a deep impression on everyone who was fortunate enough to have been entertained by them that it is the wish and desire of all of the Portland party to have an opportunity sometime in the near future of reciprocating and all wish to express through the PRESS their hearty appreciation of the many courtesies enjoyed and kindness shown by the Boston Solons to their visitors.

There is but little doubt that it will become a regular custom for the Portland city fathers to play the Boston city government a game of baseball and a visit every year and to entertain in turn the men from the Hub. It certainly will be a regular thing if the Portland men can make it so, and as both cities gain a great deal by the two city councils exchanging visits, it is to be hoped that the annual baseball game and exchange visit may become an established thing. The recent trip of the Portland city government which ended last night was brought about by the efforts of Alderman John B. Kehoe, who has many friends in the Boston city government and who is deservedly popular among the Hub's Solons. To his untiring endeavors to make things pleasant for the Portland party and the combined efforts of Councilmen Stone and McDonald, the good time enjoyed on the trip is due. In Boston, City Messenger Leary, Aldermen William F. Donovan, John J. Mahoney and Charles H. Bryant and Councilmen G. Waldron Smith, Timothy McCarthy and Alfred Newmarch, Bryant, Callahan and others, were untiring in their attentions and courtesies, and made many friends among their guests from the Forest City.

The programme that was arranged for the party was a superb one and there was not a moment of the party's stay in Boston which was not utilized to advantage.

On Tuesday night after the banquet the Portland people were taken to the Grand Opera house and afterwards while many of them retired at once to bed others formed parties and under the guidance of policemen, aldermen and fire commissioners, paid visits to the slums, police stations and engine houses. It was a late hour when every one turned in and not until a patrol was organized and parties engaged in hazarding various members of the city officials were broken up and sent to bed.

Wednesday morning the rain fell in torrents while the party were at breakfast at the American house, but City Messenger Leary shortly arrived and said he had made arrangements with the weather clerk to have the last day of the Portland Solons' visit a pleasant one, and sure enough they had. The clouds soon cleared away leaving the day as warm and delightful as May morning. At 10 o'clock special cars were taken and run out to the entrance of Franklin Park, where in open carriages the visitors were driven through the magnificent park system of Boston, which has already cost \$6,000,000, and is not yet completed. Over two hours were passed here most pleasantly and profitably and after a most enjoyable drive the visitors were again escorted to special cars and taken to the East Boston ferry, where the steamer J. Putnam Bradley was boarded for a run down the harbor to Deer Isle. The Portland people had all of the interesting things pointed out to them on the sail down the bay and on arrival at Deer Isle and were met at the wharf by the Superintendent of the Institution, Commissioner of Public Institutions, Alfred B. Heath, M. D., and Assistant Commissioner Thomas Francis Hunt, who welcomed the visitors most cordially.

At 2 o'clock a fine course dinner, elaborately served by one of Boston's best caterers, was enjoyed, after which an inspection of the Deer Island prison was made.

The institution is an ideal one, but beyond this is a great deal like many other institutions of a similar character. In it are 1516 prisoners, male and female, among whom many faces familiar in Portland were recognized. The most notable thing about the institution was 94 sentences on the island for drunkenness, and another thing that the Portland party will not soon forget, was a magnificent pianist, who, with a talent that might make him famous, serves

most of every year on the island for drunkenness.

Having thoroughly seen Deer Island the party again took the steamer and ran across to Rainsford Island, where the Boston Reform School is located. Here the party listened to the playing of a band composed of young boys, who are inmates of the institution, in ragged clothes and torn hats, furnished some excellent music on their battered old instruments. The printing office was another interesting thing about this institution. Here the boys are taught to be printers and publish every month a neat little paper called The Leader.

On the way back to Boston Councilman Callahan, who is an inmate story teller kept the visitors in a roar of laughter by his tales and songs.

A special car to the American house, supper and a hasty trip to the special car on the Pullman train and with three times three for the Boston city government the Portland party started for home and the memorable and instructive trip to Boston and its hospitable city government was ended.

The Portland people arrived home at 11 o'clock. They were all enthusiastic over their visit to Boston and the hospitality of their hosts.

BURGLARS AT RICHMOND.

A Couple of Residences Entered Tuesday Night.

[SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.]

Richmond, September 30.—Burglars broke into the residence of Mr. Isaac L. Lake, corner of Pleasant and South streets, and Mr. William S. Hogan, corner of Front and South streets, Tuesday night. In each place they entered the sleeping room of the gentlemen named and taking their wearing apparel from the room, rifled the pockets of what money they contained. At Mr. Lake's a little more than \$50 dollars was obtained, while Mr. Hogan was fortunate enough to have left but a small sum in change in his pockets, which was taken. Entrance was effected by prying up a window with an axe. The axes were left sticking into a tree at Mr. Lake's. Only money was taken. There is no clue to the thieves.

HARMONY WILL PREVAIL.

Only One Contest on at Massachusetts Republican Convention To-day.

Boston, September 30.—The convention of the Republicans of Massachusetts which meets tomorrow morning, bids fair to be one of the smoothest running gatherings of recent years. The only contest is on the lieutenant-governorship nomination, and it seems pretty generally conceded that W. Murry Crane will secure the prize.

The platform will endorse McKinley and the St. Louis platform, will demand stricter supervision of corporations and that they should be appraised at a fair value to prevent stock watering. It is understood bi-annual elections will be omitted from the platform.

Chairman Lyman will call the convention to order and Congressman Draper will be permanent chairman. The present state officers will be nominated excepting lieutenant governor.

SMYPATIZE WITH GOULD.

English Journals Admit He Has Been Used Shabbily.

London, September 30.—Mr. Howard Gould's letter to the council of the Yacht Racing association, which was published here this morning, is freely commented upon by this afternoon's papers. The St. James Gazette says: "Mr. Gould's correspondence is sort of sequel to Lord Dunraven's unfortunate charges against the Defender. Our sympathies are with Mr. Gould. It would be far better to give up international sport altogether if it cannot be carried on as between gentlemen."

"The Pall Mall Gazette agrees with Mr. Gould in thinking that as regards the visit of the committee to the Niagara he did not receive that consideration which one gentleman expects from another. The Niagara," the Gazette adds, "was secured regularly by the yacht racing association's official measurer. If there was anything irregular in the formation of the vessels tanks Mr. Gould ought to have been satisfied with the result. It was bad form for the committee to board the yacht in his owner's absence in a belated effort to remedy the oversight of their own official."

Football at Waterville.

[SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.]

Waterville, September 30.—The football season opened today on the campus when Colby lined up with Colburn. Colby played several of the second eleven, but had no trouble in breaking through Colburn's line. Fifteen and ten minutes halves were played. The score was, Colby 28; Colburn 0. The schedule of games for the season is as follows:

October 7.—M. S. C. at Boston.

October 10.—M. S. C. at Orono.

October 17.—Andover at Andover.

October 21.—Bowdoin at Brunswick.

October 28.—Exeter at Exeter.

October 31.—M. S. C. at Waterville.

November 4.—Bates at Waterville.

November 11.—Bowdoin at Waterville.

November 18.—Bates at Lewiston.

Epworth League Meeting.

Providence, September 30.—This evening's session of the Epworth League was held at Infantry hall. Rev. E. O. Thayer, D. D., of Gardner, Me., first vice president, presided. Rev. J. M. Durrall of Nashua, N. H., spoke upon the mission of the Epworth League. Bishop Ninde delivered an address upon "The Work of the Period."

The members of the Anti-Addickses Republican electoral ticket have withdrawn leaving only one Republican electoral ticket in the field in Delaware.

A CITY IN RUINS.

Wrath of the Storm in Washington.

DEALT RUIN AND DEVASTATION EVERYWHERE.

The Capital City Never Saw Its Like Before.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS WRECKED AND SHADE TREES RAZED.

LATEST FROM STORM.

The Loss of Life in Florida Said to be Forty.

Atlanta Ga., October 1.—The Constitution received the following from Jacksonville, Florida, at midnight: "Hurricane cuts through Florida. Several towns destroyed and 40 killed."

Deaths Reported at Savannah.

<

WHY AM I SO TIRED?

Why Do I Feel So Weak and Run Down?

Your Poor Condition Is Made Worse by Nervous Debility. Science Proclaims a Certain Remedy.

You have lost your old-time snap and vim. Work that you used to do with ease, now tires you. You often feel dull, dispirited and without ambition. You pass more or less sleepless nights, wake mornings, tired and unrefreshed, have little or no appetite for breakfast, your head feels dull, there is a bad taste in the mouth, and your bowels are constipated. You go about your employment with a sense of weakness or weariness, and a distaste for taking hold of your work. Besides, you are nervous, irritable and often "blue" without apparent cause. Then look at yourself.

Mrs. Andrew Mitchell, of 525 Kempton St., New Bedford, Mass., tells you that you can be cured, as she was cured when weak, tired and nervous.



MRS. ANDREW MITCHELL.

She took Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, finding that it improved her condition at once. She was so much benefited by the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura that she says she "can not say enough in praise of it," and she urges all her friends to give it a trial.

This wonderful restorative, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, will give back to the weakened and exhausted system the strength it has lost. It will impart strength and vigor to the brain and nerves, vitalize and invigorate all the physical powers and restore you again to that grand degree of lusty strength, of bounding pulse, and strong physical and nerve power, which, by overwork, ignorance or folly, you have exhausted.

It is not a patent medicine but the prescription of the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., who can be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Messenger's Notice.

Office of the Sheriff of Cumberland County, State of Maine, Cumberland, ss, September 30th, A. D. 1896.

This is to give notice that on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1896, a warrant in insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland, against the estate of

EMMA F. GERRISH, of Portland, adjudged to be an Insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the 29th day of September, A. D. 1896, to which date interest on claims is to be computed. That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtor and the transfer and delivery of any property by her are forbidden by law.

That a meeting of the creditors of said Debtor to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of her estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be held at Probate Court Room, in said Portland, in said County of Cumberland, on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

C. L. BUCKMAN,
Deputy Sheriff, as Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Cumberland.

oct1d8

CITY OF PORTLAND.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals for building a 10 inch pipe sewer in Lincoln street will be received at the office of the Commissioner of Public Works up to Thursday, October 3, 1896, at 12 o'clock M. when they will be publicly opened and read. Plans, specifications and further information can be obtained at the office of the Commissioner of Public Works, who reserves the right to reject any or all bids should he deem it for the interest of the city so to do. Bids should be marked "Proposals for Sewer," and addressed to GEO. N. FERNALD, Commissioner of Public Works.

Portland, Oct. 1, 1896. oct1dtd

RANDALL & McALLISTER COAL.

A Full Assortment of Lehigh and Free-Burning Coals for Domestic Use.

Pocahontas (Semi-Bituminous) and Georges Creek Cumberland Coals are unsurpassed for general steam and forge use.

Genuine Lykens Valley Franklin, English and American Cannel.

Above Coals Constantly On Hand.

TELEPHONE - - - 100-2

OFFICE:

76 Commercial & 70 Exchange Sts.

A CITY IN RUINS.

Continued from First Page.

Savannah and the country south and north of here were increased today by the finding of the body of Captain Charles E. Murray of the Robert Turner, which went ashore in the river below the city during the night of the storm. Three of the crew besides the captain were drowned, but their bodies have not been recovered.

The steamer Governor Stafford, which left Beaumont, S. C., for Savannah yesterday, has not been heard from, and it is supposed she is ashore. The steamer Star left this morning in search of the Governor Stafford. The finding of Captain Murray and the drowning of three of the crew, has increased the number of dead so far to 11.

Two employees injured by falling buildings, will die. The damage of the storm will go largely above a million dollars. Nearly every building in the city is damaged and the loss to the railroads is heavy. All the plantations north of the city and along the Savannah river were badly damaged. No definite news was received from Tibes Island. It is not believed the lost will be heavy.

COST BRUNSWICK HALF MILLION.

Loss of Life and Property in a Georgia Town.

Atlanta, Ga., September 30.—H. H. Merrill of the Atlanta Telephone Company reached Atlanta late last night from Brunswick and states that the city of Brunswick is badly damaged and that three big vessels were sunk in the Brunswick harbor.

Telegraphic communication was restored with Brunswick at 1 o'clock this morning. Authentic news of the hurricane is being received. Four persons were killed outright in Brunswick, Wm. Daniels, Abel Davis, John Jefferson and a baby. A careful estimate places the damage at \$500,000. Many persons were dangerously injured. One lady was killed at Kverett, a small station a few miles from Brunswick.

WASHINGTON SUFFERS.

Houses Were Unroofed and Streets Blocked in Various Parts of the City.

Washington, September 30.—After two days of rather warm weather, a storm gathered in this city last night of almost unprecedented proportions for this latitude.

Telegraphic communication with points in every direction from Washington was as thoroughly interrupted as it was during the memorable gale in March, 1887. Several of the fire alarms were sounded, one of which was on account of the collapse of a wall of a building, the erection of which was nearly completed, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. The building was 185 feet in height. Several people in both of the houses were for a time buried in the ruins, but with one exception, no lives were lost.

On Seventh street much damage to stores and other structures is reported. Streets are practically blocked by the wrecks in many parts of the city. Ruins of houses were blown off in many sections, and church steeples wrenched from their fastenings.

Feak of Storm at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., September 30.—A rain storm which prevailed here yesterday increased in force last night and shortly after midnight it became a cyclone. Many buildings were damaged and many trees blown down. The wind would tip off the roofs of houses and then skin several blocks and then unroof more. Wires went down all over town. There was hardly a street not filled with tree limbs and wreckage.

Gettysburg Cemetery Suffers.

Gettysburg, Pa., September 30.—The storm in this county did great damage to buildings, but casualties are reported. On the Gettysburg battlefield National cemetery suffered severely. Round Top and Culp Hill are a mass of broken trees, and the observatory on Cemetery ridge was injured. The monument of the 66th Ohio Regiment was overturned.

Washouts at Altoona.

Altoona, Pa., September 30.—The Pennsylvania railroad between Altoona and Harrisburg is badly crippled by a washout. The cause of the washout was damage from the flood. The flood channel of the new reservoir at Kittanning Point was washed away by the water, damming several thousand dollars damage. At Harrisburg a railroad bridge was washed away and passengers are being transferred at that point. A number of summer cottages at Point View were washed away.

Charleston Suffered Little.

Charleston, S. C., September 30.—Sixty-two miles an hour was the velocity reached here last night by the hurricane. Almost before the storm reached the serious point here, the city was practically shut off from telegraphic communication with the remainder of the world, and it was not restored until a late hour. Comparative little damage was done here and as far as is known no one was seriously injured.

Damage in Binghamton.

Binghamton, N. Y., September 30.—Great damage was done in this city and vicinity by last night's gale. Buildings were unroofed, chimneys blown down and wires prostrated in all directions. The streets were strewn with branches of trees.

Damage Nearly a Million.

Lancaster, Pa., September 30.—Later reports received from all sections of the country show the damage by the storm will reach in the aggregate nearly a million dollars. Hundred of farmers lost their entire tobacco crop, which was ready for the market. In addition to frame buildings, numerous brick structures were razed to the ground.

From Various Points.

New Haven, Conn., September 30.—Last night's gale was one of the sharpest of the year here. The New York boats were blown from the harbor and the sound was entirely free from shipping.

Portsmouth, N. H., September 30.—Last night's storm did considerable damage in this section. Hundreds of bushes of various kinds were blown from the trees.

Syracuse, N. Y., September 30.—Great havoc was wrought by the storm here this morning. Buildings were unroofed, chimneys blown down, trees uprooted and the street strewn with broken trees. Street car travel was delayed.

Mount Washington, N. H., September 30.—A severe gale from the southeast has prevailed here since midnight. The wind reached a velocity of 90 miles an hour.

New York, September 30.—A lively gale

NEW YORK'S WILD BEASTS.

The Wolf, the Wildcat, the Lynx and the Beaver Still Linger in the Woods, and Cause Much Trouble to the Farmers.

(New York Sun.)

Franklin county, although tired of paying for the ears of slain black bears, has recently relapsed the bounty on wolves, though wolves are extremely scarce in this county, as elsewhere in the Adirondacks. A voracious old guide, says that the wolves disappeared from his part of the county in a single year. They seemed one season to be howling from every square yard about Wolf Pond and the next year there was not a wolf to be seen or heard in the whole region.

Five or six years afterward, however, the same guide rallied forty of his neighbors to hunt a pack of five ferocious creatures—part dog, part wolf—that ravaged sheepfolds and roamed about the farm buildings in broad day light. The farmers surrounded the pack and slew three of them, but the other two, including a mongrel—half wolf, half bulldog—escaped, after whipping all the dogs that were brought to the hunt. Since that time he has never seen nor heard a wolf.

Fanthers, or catamounts, as wildcats are called in these parts, are now very scarce save in the true wilds of the Adirondacks. Someone now and then reports having seen a wildcat while deer hunting, but the creatures are seldom killed, and they are often heard than seen. The males have a way of walking by moonlight and howling for their mates. The sound is about the most blood-curdling one that the wilderness knows, but the wildcat is not really a dangerous creature save when brought to bay. The lynx, still found in these parts, is now more dangerous than the wildcat or the bear, but he has an unpleasant habit of following the human pedestrian. The guides tell stories of being followed all night and half the day by these tireless creatures. The Adirondack lynx, however, does not attack man, though he is a dangerous creature for any dog to tackle.

There are yet lingering traditions of the days when moose roamed the Adirondacks. An old guide recalls that his elder brother, a moose hunter, was shot one year ago on Lower Saranac lake. It is many years since any have been seen in even the wildest parts of the wilderness. Caribou had been thought extinct in these parts for some years when a guide shot one of a pair near Meecham Lake, in a lonely corner of this county. They were probably the last pair in the region. Even the last of the bears still preserve his miracle of instinct upon a few streams of this county. Most of the bears were trapped out of existence twenty or thirty-five years ago, but now that they are specially protected by law they may survey for a long time to come. A beaver colony has long operated on the outlet to Molokan Pond, twenty or thirty miles from this point. They have several fine dams on the stream, one of them backing up a large area of water. The outlet to the St. Regis lakes flows far from McDonald Pond, and on this little stream there was recently a colony of beavers at work. They had five dams on a single mile of the stream, and it was by the aid of these guides by the operations of the beavers, for the little Adirondack boats easily floated on the water thus deepened and slipped without difficulty over the dam breakers.

NAPOLEON SLEPT.

Strange Explanation From an Englishman of Wellington's Victory.

In a new English book on Waterloo there is some wonderfully interesting personal matter about Napoleon. It tells how Napoleon slept in the battle of Waterloo. "Others, bringing forward many particular examples to prove this contention urge that throughout the campaign Napoleon was incapacitated by disease and in a semi-comatose condition at the moment when energy was of all things the most needed. The truth seems to be that Napoleon was suffering under the influence of a strange and mysterious malady, the nature of which has not yet been accurately defined. A life such as his, spent in perpetual fatigue and exposure, so full of mental and physical labors, with brief flashes of dissipation, would not unreasonably generate diseases from which the ordinary man is free—diseases therefore, which but rarely present themselves to the observation of medical men. There still remains to be written a work which would prove as interesting as it would be valuable, upon the maladies of great men, and scientific investigation might be worse employed than in examining the physical and mental condition of such men as Pope, Swift and Napoleon Bonaparte. What is certain in Napoleon's case, is that his malady had been growing upon him with increasing force since 1803, that his attacks were notified by a sudden lethargy amounting to complete prostration, and that its effects were as interesting as it would be valuable, upon the maladies of great men, and scientific investigation might be worse employed than in examining the physical and mental condition of such men as Pope, Swift and Napoleon Bonaparte.

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GLADSTONE TALKS ON BUTTER.

Pastoral Speech to His Agricultural Neighbors at Hawarden.

THE OTHER SIDE.

What Cavanago the Italian Had to Say.

(From the London Standard.)

Five weather favored the annual show of the Hawarden and Buckley Horticultural Society yesterday, and thousands of visitors found their way to Hawarden Park. The exhibition was held in a marquee erected in the park at the foot of the hill on which stands the old castle. In the afternoon there was the usual gathering in front of the castle terrace to witness the distribution of prizes by Mrs. Gladstone. After the cheering had subsided, Mr. Gladstone, mounting the terrace wall, said:

"Neighbors and Friends: My wife is greatly obliged to you for the thanks that have been expressed and the cheers you have given, and either is, or ought to be, still more obliged, because she has done something to earn them, whereas I sorrowfully confess that I have done nothing. (Mrs. Gladstone: 'That is not so.') I retain all the good wishes toward this institution which I have always felt and expressed, but I am sorry to say my good wishes are now rather barren. In other years, perhaps, many of you, or some of you at least, may recollect that I used to be desirous and glad to inform myself as well as I could upon the branches of exertion in which you have been so prominent. I used to like to know what was going on and what had been done and what could be done in the growth of flowers, in the growth of fruits, and in the growth of vegetables and so forth; but, I am no longer in a condition to be able to pick knowledge with as much facility as I could have done twenty or thirty or forty years ago. If you could contrive to take twenty or thirty years, or even ten years off my back, then I would endeavor to behave to you as well as I have done in former years. At present I have little to do but congratulate you, but I am able to give you those congratulations not only with good will, but with confidence. I congratulate you on the numbers in which you are assembled, and we all rejoice to know that from every sign, both of the visitors and likewise of the exhibitors, it is quite plain that this excellent institution, which we call the Hawarden Flower Show (though it includes many other things, I am glad to say, along with flowers), has had a great hold on your good will and favorable judgment. Ever since it began this institution has not lost any of its titles to your approval or any of your disposition to acknowledge those titles. I am very glad to learn that in some respects you have gone ahead of other institutions of the same kind; that is to say, that you have included with credit and advantage branches of effort which in some of those cases are unknown.

"I am glad to tell there is the useful article of butter. I suppose we are all more or less familiar with that article. I believe we may hold up our hands to the neighbors of our neighbors in other places and contend that the butter of Hawarden does credit to Hawarden. I understand upon the highest authority that it is a very good, it bears a good name and character as to its quality. I am not a judge in any sense of the word, yet I am a consumer, and the consumer has something to do with it; and having been a consumer, I venture to take it upon myself to say that we here in our house, and no doubt it is the same in other houses, eat better butter now than we did in former years.

"I understand that in all branches, speaking generally, although the great warmth and dryness of the season has dried up many of the qualities which in other places and contend that the butter of Hawarden does credit to Hawarden. I understand upon the highest authority that it is a very good, it bears a good name and character as to its quality. I am not a judge in any sense of the word, yet I am a consumer, and the consumer has something to do with it; and having been a consumer, I venture to take it upon myself to say that we here in our house, and no doubt it is the same in other houses, eat better butter now than we did in former years.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Sore Lips
Sore Lungs
Sore Throat

And any soreness anywhere, promptly relieved, soothed, healed and cured by this wonderful Anodyne. It is the best remedy on earth for asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, catarrh, colic, croup, cramps, chills, dyspeptic pains, colic, hiccups, hoarseness, whooping cough, influenza, all irritations and inflammations, neuralgia, nervousness, pneumonia, rheumatism, sciatica, teething, toothache, tonsillitis, vertigo, vomiting, and every pain everywhere. It is the great cure for bites, burns, bruises, cuts, chaps, cracks, corns, chilblains, contusions and deafness, freckles, pimples, ringworm, stings, scalds, strains, sprains, stiffness, swellings. No medicine today possesses the confidence of the people to so great an extent. It is now the reliable Family Remedy in every household.

JOHNSON'S
ORIGINATION
1810.
ANODYNE LINIMENT

It is astonishing how many different ailments and diseases it will cure. It was invented by an old fashioned, noble hearted Family Physician, for the good of his fellow men. For over 80 years the demand for it has steadily increased. It has stood on its own intrinsic merit, and entirely satisfied the generation after generation. It is used and recommended by physicians everywhere. It is the best, the oldest, the original. It is unlike any other. It is superior to any other. It is not merely a Liniment, it is a remedy from infancy to old age. For Internal as much as External use. Be not afraid to trust what time has endorsed. It is used and endorsed by all athletes. Every Mother should have it in the house. Dropped on sugar suffering children love it.

A young married lady in this city was lying at the point of death with diphtheria. The mother gave a teaspoonful of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment clear to her child, in an instant the passage to the lungs was enlarged, she could breathe easier, in a few days she was well. The husband said this Liniment had saved his wife's life.—*Zion's Herald, Boston.*

The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. BOTTLED AND FULFILLED. Sold everywhere. Price, 50c. per bottle. Retail, 15c. per bottle. L. S. FOLGER & CO., Boston, Mass.

ELECTION BETS.

How They Are Being Made in New York City.

New York, Sept. 30.—Betting on the results of the Presidential election is very active here, and is being carried on from the general field to the various state contests. A table of "quotations" of recent bets has been issued as follows, the odds opposite each State being on the candidate carrying such state, and not against it:

General result.	2-1-3 to 1 on McKinley	New York City, Even money
Alabama,	2 1/2 to 1	Bryan
Arkansas,	4 to 1	Bryan
California,	4 to 1	McKinley
Colorado,	4 to 1	Bryan
Connecticut,	10 to 7	McKinley
Delaware,	10 to 7	McKinley
Florida,	1 to 3	McKinley
Georgia,	1 to 3	Bryan
Idaho,	8 to 5	Bryan
Illinois,	5 to 4	McKinley
Indiana,	10 to 7	McKinley
Iowa,	10 to 9	Bryan
Kansas,	Even	McKinley
Kentucky,	Even	McKinley
Maryland,	Even	McKinley
Massachusetts,	6 to 4	McKinley
Michigan,	10 to 7	McKinley
Minnesota,	10 to 9	McKinley
Mississippi,	7 to 5	Bryan
Missouri,	5 to 4	McKinley
Montana,	8 to 1	Bryan
Nebraska,	4 to 5	McKinley
Nevada,	1 to 1	McKinley
New Hampshire,	4 to 1	McKinley
New Jersey,	2 to 1	McKinley
New York,	6 to 1	McKinley
North Carolina,	1 to 3	McKinley
North Dakota,	1 to 8	McKinley
Louisiana,	1 to 3 1/2	McKinley
Ohio,	2 to 1	McKinley
Oregon,	10 to 5	McKinley
Pennsylvania,	10 to 1	McKinley
Rhode Island,	2 to 1	McKinley
South Carolina,	1 to 3	Bryan
South Dakota,	1 to 3	McKinley
Tennessee,	1 to 8	McKinley
Texas,	8 to 1	Bryan
Virginia,	1 to 2	McKinley
W. Virginia,	1 to 3	McKinley
Washington,	1 to 8	McKinley
Wisconsin,	10 to 7	McKinley
Wyoming,	8 to 5	McKinley

PEARY PARTY IN BOSTON.

Lieut. Peary Will Try Again to Bring That Meteorite Home.

A portion of the Peary expedition arrived in Boston Tuesday night.

At the Crawford House Prof. Barton, the head of the Boston party, and Mr. Russell W. Porter of the Institute of Technology were stopping.

"Lieut. Peary told me that he will go North again next year, in the same ship," said Mr. Porter. "He will probably go in quest of that meteorite which we did not bring back with us this time. He will have the ship fitted up and will take along with him persons interested in the work, probably about 20."

"The meteorite is now down to the water's edge, and next year, he will have no difficulty in getting it, as he will take with him machinery sufficiently powerful to do the work, which was not the case with the appliances he had this trip."

"Where is Lieut. Peary now?"

"We left him at Sidney. He will come this way soon."

Mr. Porter says that the members of the expedition are well satisfied with the result. He is enthusiastic over Greenland. The public, he says, has a mistaken opinion in regard to this country, and as soon as the facts are known he is sure that there will be an exodus to the land which is so comparatively unknown today.

He says that the weather was delightful, and that he enjoyed the trip very much.

The entire freight laid Sidney Monday in two cars. It included, besides the various valuable collections, two live bears and two trained dogs.

Four members of the Cornell party were also at the Crawford House last night: Dr. Gill, Mr. Martin, Mr. Kinzie and Mr. Watson. Prof. Tarr went on to Gloucester.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB.

The jury in the United States Circuit Court came in yesterday and were excused until 10 a. m. today.

Judge Webb has rendered a decision in the case of Horace Sargent vs. the Grand Trunk, growing out of the alleged detention of the schooner Sea Bird at the time the dry bridge was rebuilt. The libel was dismissed.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

THE POLICE COURT.

Shell-Game Man Pays His Fine—Berman's Case to Go Up—Search and Seizure Case.

Judge Robinson held a busy session in the Police Court yesterday forenoon. Mark Berman, the Hebrew, who proposes to test in the higher courts the authority of the police to compel him to close his place of business on our Sunday, although he has kept the Hebrew Sunday on Saturday was in court. R. T. Whitehouse, Esq., appeared for Berman, who took the nominal sentence of \$5 and costs, and gave bonds for his appearance before the Superior Court.

Thos. Dehar, who has been threatening and troubling Mrs. Hamdony, his creditor, was dismissed by the Judge with an admonition.

Hugh Robinson, the good looking shell-game man, who was caught at Rigby, pleaded guilty, and got the extent of the law, \$20 and costs. He paid his fine and departed.

Mills Parker was brought up on a search and seizure complaint, but his attorney, Carroll W. Morrill, Esq., filed a plea of mis-nomer, and the court had to let Parker go.

Thos. J. Godfrey, common drunkard, was sentenced to 40 days in jail.

Patrick W. McLaughlin, search and seizure, \$100 and costs. Appealed.

Mary Costello, alias Mary Donahue, common nuisance, bound over in \$500 for the Superior Court.

John Kears, Edward H. Lewis, James T. Kennedy, Martin J. Keefe, James Trainor were each fined \$5 and costs for intoxication.

Patrick H. McBrady, Michael J. O'Brien, John W. Hinds, Albert McCallum were each fined \$5 and costs for intoxication.

George A. Blades, for intoxication and disturbance got 30 days in jail; James E. Fahry, for the same offense, 30 days in jail; and Michael Flaherty, for intoxication, disturbance and resisting an officer, got 30 days in jail and \$5 and costs. Flaherty also was fined \$30 and costs for resisting the officer.

OBITUARY.

Frederick O. Tukey.

As stated in yesterday's PRESS, Frederick O. Tukey, well known for many years as the faithful night watchman of the Portland Savings Bank, died quite suddenly Tuesday night at his home on Pearl street. Mr. Tukey suffered a paralytic stroke about two years ago, which affected one side of his body, but left his mind clear. He has been out of doors almost every pleasant day since, being able to walk very well with the aid of a cane. He, of course, could never expect to be any better, but his courage was excellent and the prospect seemed good for several years of life.

Mr. Tukey was a furniture painter by trade and was in business for himself at one time. Later on he changed his business, desiring to escape from the poisonous atmosphere of the paint shop and became bank watchman at Portland Savings Bank, which place he filled acceptably until he was stricken while on duty. He leaves a widow and two daughters, one of whom, Miss Bertha O. Tukey, is a well known vocalist, and the other, Miss Lena, is a teacher of the training school.

An Opportunity for the Ladies.

What an advantage the ladies of Portland and vicinity will have to buy fashionable garments, as the manufacturing house of H. M. Lewis & Co., of New York have taken the store at 538 Congress street, this city, for the purpose of selling all kinds of ladies and misses garments at retail. The firm has but one price on their garments. The lady buying a single jacket, skirt or cape, can own it in this city at the same price as the dealer who buys in quantities. Such an opportunity is rare, as we don't very often have a dealer who can save the middle man's profit. Lady readers of the PRESS will be interested to know this fact, and bear in mind that their opening has been postponed until Saturday morning, Oct. 3d. In order to give them a good opportunity to visit their opening displays, where they can gain a good idea of prices, styles and appearance of this season's garments, and if they then choose to save the retailer's profit we think it advisable for every lady to visit their store. Those wanting garments for Sunday we would recommend them to go early to their store. See their advertisement.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers of real estate in this county have been recorded in the Registry of Deeds:

Bronswick—George W. Gray to Mary Ann Varney.

Otisfield—Daniel Green to Charles O. Davis.

Deering—Harry A. Ladd to Christian Tandberg. Maine Wesleyan Board of Education to Chauncey R. Perry.

Harpwell—Lydia Skifford to Stephen F. Morrill.

South Portland—Charles C. G. Thornton et al to Thomas E. Forrest.

Winham—Albert Foulson to Nicolaus Maden.

Naples—Charles W. Poor to Samuel G. Kimball.

Portland—William H. Sargent to Albin B. Merrill.

Westbrook—John C. Knight to Patrick Foley.

A Few Lingers at the Islands.

It is quiet now in the harbor steamboat interests. The Casco Bay line is running only one boat now, although it is not yet down to the winter time table. A few cottagers are still lingering on, to enjoy October's beauties.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." The new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain, passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by H. GUPPY CO., Drugists, 488 Congress St., Portland, Me.

THE CLERICAL CLUB.

Rev. E. S. Stackpole's Paper on the Higher Criticism.

The Clerical club of Portland and vicinity, met yesterday at the Sherwood, at half past ten o'clock. There were present, Revs. Dr. Dalton, Dr. Blanchard, Dr. Jenkins, Dr. Burrage, Lucas, Purdy, Samson, Crosby, Phelan, Weaver, Bollows, Lindsay, Lettice, Wilson, G. C. Wilson, Hack, Hooper, Mr. E. C. Cummings, Perkins and the essayist of the Rev. E. S. Stackpole, D. D., of the Methodist church, Auburn.

After the reading of the records of the previous meeting and minor business, a paper was read by Rev. E. S. Stackpole of Auburn, upon the subject, "The Results of Higher Criticism as Affecting the Doctrine of the Origin and Inspiration of the Bible."

The essayist prefaced his remarks by a few words as to the term Higher Criticism, defining it merely as the intelligent study of the Bible. He suggested that in Bible study, it was better not to form opinions and then study, but to study first and form opinions later. Recognizing that the New Testament is far more valuable than the Old Testament, it is best to begin study there. That Jesus appeared there is no doubt. For twenty years after his death there were no written records, but only oral traditions. These transmitted the doctrines of Jesus, often with faulty logic.

As the words of Jesus became fewer, by the death of those who heard him, then written words became necessary. It is the opinion of most scholars today, following the theory of Prof. Weiss of Berlin, that the first gospel was that of Mark. There is no claim on the part of the writers to anything like infallibility or inspiration. They simply tried to tell the best they could to the truth about Jesus. So it was with the Book of the Acts, and the letters of Paul. There are many conflicting accounts, many differences in detail. There was not the least idea of these writings would be called "Oracles of God." They are full of the conceptions of the time. There is for instance the error in regard to the second coming of Christ. It is very evident that Paul changed his opinion of the event, after he began to write his epistles. The Apocalypse is evidently a compilation. The closing prophecies are doubtless poetic. It is simply folly to expect any literal fulfillment of such prophecies, and it is the misapprehension of true prophecy.

The New Testament is preserved in manuscripts, no one of which is older than the third or perhaps the fourth century. There are multitudes of errors in transcribing. There are many interpolations. Men were not then troubled with the strict rules of accuracy, such as are recognized today. We have the writings substantially, but not precisely as they were written.

It is the same with the Old Testament. Authorship in most instances is unknown. The historical parts was compiled as other history from existing traditions and writings. Many are now lost. Some have been counted twenty-seven books that are referred to, but which no longer exist. No one would now say that the Book of Esther is of such value as the prophecy of Isaiah. There are parables, allegories, myths, legends, all forms of writing to preserve the truth the authors had to teach. The Book of Psalms is not by David. It is divided into five separate books, and is put together very much like the Gospel hymns, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Dr. Briggs was quoted as one who had formerly accepted seventy Psalms as of Davidic origin, but had been led to reject all but four, three of which contained interpolated matter.

The prophecies of Isaiah are not arranged in chronological order. Much is the result of compilation. The evidence is overwhelming that the latter part of the prophecy, beginning with the fortieth chapter, is from another author. The Book of Daniel is placed by nearly every scholar at the present time at about the year 165 B. C.

It is the same with the Pentateuch. There is proof that large portions are of a later time than Moses. It may be that he began the codification of the mosaic legislation. It may be that he put together the ten commandments. But at any rate, these commandments contain laws common to humanity and are as old as human society.

The ultimate standard is the opinion of wise and good men. Sanctified reason is best. Before the reformation, few people spoke of innerrancy. The principle of Protestantism is the right of private opinion. It must be allowed. There is no help for it. The doctrine of verbal inspiration is the outcome of the idea of absolute infallibility. It is a burdensome, useless unfounded assumption, and the sooner we get rid of it the better. It has been compelled to contradict every step of science and of progress.

1.—The scripture is not infallible in science. It is impossible to accept as scientifically true the Caldean myth of the creation; nor the story of Joshua's control over the sun; nor the story of the deluge and the ark.

2.—The scriptures are not infallible in morals and ethics, judged according to the ideas of the present time. The ethics of Moses have been corrected by Christ. Barbaric warfare we cannot defend.

3.—The scripture is not infallible in theology. The idea of God changed in the Bible itself. Ezekiel corrected Moses. So also did Job. Job might be called the champion of the progressive orthodoxy of his time.

In summing up we see that the Bible gives substantially the true account of things of which it speaks. Facts are not miraculously given, but they are discovered by investigation. God is revealed in all times though most clearly known in the history of Israel. The Bible is above all other books, but not free from errors.

AN INVITATION.

It Gives Us Pleasure to Publish the following Announcement.

All women suffering from any form of illness peculiar to their sex are requested to communicate promptly with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only.

A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America.

This confidence has induced more than 100,000 women to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice during the last few months.

Think what a volume of experience she has to draw from! No physician living ever treated so many cases of female ills, and from this vast experience surely it is more than possible she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case.

She is glad to have you write or call upon her. You will find her a woman full of sympathy, with a great desire to assist those who are sick. If her medicine is not what you need, she will frankly tell you so, and there are nine chances out of ten that she will tell you exactly what to do for relief. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has relieved thousands.

Surely, any ailing woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never in the history of Mrs. Pinkham's wonderful Compound has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

Revelation is of truth, first of all in the soul of man. Truth is divine, but it is often modified by men. Not all inspiration is in writing. Truth is progressive. It is studied and illustrated in holy living. God is greater than his book, therefore worship God. To know truth is to be filled with the mind of Christ.

It is useless for the churches to refuse these truths of the best scholars. Without them the Bible must be a hindrance to the work of Christ.

The paper was discussed by the ministers present and with few exceptions practical unanimity with the essayist was discovered.

A law was passed in 1878 by Congress providing for the erection of durable headstones over the graves of all soldiers and sailors of the regular and volunteer forces of the United States, whose remains are interred in the national military cemeteries. This law has been carried out and the graves permanently marked.

At the instance of the War Department, Congress has authorized the erection of similar headstones over the graves of all soldiers and sailors who are buried in any cemetery or private grounds that remain unmarked, unless the friends of the deceased desire to do this work themselves.

The stones are made of American white marble, fine grade, 10 inches wide, 15 inches above the ground, top slightly carved, and 27 inches in the ground. Upon the headstone will be inscribed the name, date of death, age at death, company, regiment and rank. All expenses are paid by the government.

Bosworth Post, No. 2, G. A. R., of Portland, having taken charge of this matter and being desirous that every effort should be made to mark the final resting place of all deceased soldiers and sailors, have appointed a committee to gather the required information in the different cemeteries in and around Portland. The committee most urgently requests that all persons who may know of any spot where a soldier or sailor is buried and the grave unmarked by suitable stones, cooperate with the committee in giving such information as may be beneficial to this worthy object. One should be taken that the full name, date of death, age at death, company, regiment and rank, are written plainly and correctly to avoid errors. The name of the cemetery where buried should also be given.

A list under the above direction may be sent to any member of the committee which is composed of A. M. Sawyer, chairman, 31 Free street; Orlin N. Long, 120 Portland street and David D. Hanning, 11 South street.

The Auburn Plan.

The residents of Auburn are a little amused at the recent plan adopted by Rev. Asaph J. Wheeler of the Turner street church to secure the attendance of fallen women at the people's service in Auburn hall last Sunday. The plan consisted of a letter sent by Mrs. Wheeler to many of the prominent people in Auburn requesting them to do all they could to secure the attendance of any acquaintance of theirs who had been led astray. With each letter was inclosed a pink which was to be handed to the fallen one, and it is said, was to be taken at the services Sunday. In many cases the reception of these letters was not at all cordial and a number of people have strongly protested against such an action. At the services on the previous Sunday Mr. Wheeler stated to his audience that he wished to secure five hundred pink, he would not state at the time what he desired to do with such a large floral display; but the letters the following week explained his plan of distribution. Many people took upon him request as an inference that there are five hundred fallen women in the city of Auburn—Lewiston Sun.

MAYOR PINGREE A BIMETALLIST.

He Favors Neither Single Silver or Single Gold Standard.

Detroit, Mich., September 30.—Mayor Pingree, in his letter issued yesterday afternoon accepting the Republican nomination for governor, comes out squarely in favor of the platform adopted at St. Louis and apparently throws by the board the populist tendencies of which he has been accused. He says: "The question is, what policy will best subserve the greatest good of the greatest number and that policy, in principle, most surely will restore confidence, open up the channels of trade, set in motion the wheels of industry, and give employment to the masses. The question is not what is best for the East or the West, for the North or the South, but for the Republic. Not what is best for today, tomorrow, or next year, but for the years that are to come."

After discussing the principle of protection, and saying that no business man can afford to participate in its abandonment, he cites the Republican platform of 1888 and 1892, and says that the Republican party is in favor of both gold and silver for money. After referring to the state issues, by saying that the Republican platform pledges the party unreservedly to a safe system of bi-metallic coinage, and that the government, every dollar issued by the government, and to this sentiment he pledges his most earnest approval, he states that he is opposed to any policy which leads to the abandonment of coinage of either metal as money. The sound money men of the state are delighted as Pingree has taken the course of least peril, following which will vote for any ticket he endorses. A sound money Democrat last night said that Pingree's stand would mean the end of the Republican plurality in Michigan this year.

Subsidy for the Allan Line.

Ottawa, Ont., September 30.—The papers presented to Parliament in connection with the fast Atlantic steamship service show that when Sir Charles Tupper was going out of power he was negotiating for the close of a contract with the Allan Line Steamship company for a 20 knot service, for a subsidy of \$1,250,000. Of this amount the Imperial government was to give \$750,000.

Excursion to White Mountains.

Owing to the storm of Wednesday, on which date an excursion had been arranged by the Maine Central to the White Mountains, it was decided to postpone this excursion, and it will now be run next Saturday, October 3d, at \$1.00 the round trip by regular trains from Portland, leaving Union station at 3.45 a. m., and giving four hours at the Mt. Pleasant house, Crawford or Fabyan, which will be the last excursion day that the Mt. Pleasant house will be open, as is also the case with the Crawford house, though the Fabyan will be open until October 12th.

The storm not being so severe in the White Mountains it did not affect the foliage other than to give it a good bath so as to make it much brighter and more beautiful than ever, and it is acknowledged this season by all who have seen it to be the most brilliant in color for many years.

The Maine Central flyers distributed about town announce "the Crawford Notch ablaze with the glowing colors of the brilliant autumn foliage, the most magnificent spectacle of the modern age, excelling anything that the hand of man has fashioned," and while, perhaps this may seem a little extravagant, it must be acknowledged that the beautiful autumn tints combined with the grand scenery of the Crawford Notch makes this trip one of marvelous grandeur and beauty. Snow now covers the higher mountain peaks adding a touch of winter to the bright color of departing summer.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

One of the finest arranged trips of the season is the excursion of the Knights of the Golden Eagle to Reading, Pa., during the annual session of the Supreme Council, leaving Portland Sunday noon, October 11; returning, arrive in Portland, Sunday noon, October 13. The cheapness of the trip, (covering as it does an entire week, all expenses paid, including transportation, hotels, entertainment, and meals, and nearly everything), makes this a most desirable trip. The party will be quartered at Crystal Palace hotel, Reading, Hotel Hanover, Philadelphia, and the Broadway Central hotel, New York city. This excursion is open to all members of the order and their invited friends.

Parlor Heating Stoves.

We would call attention to the Sparks and St. Nicholas, parlor heating stoves, made by the makers of the Atlantic ranges and heaters. It is claimed for these stoves that for honest values and excellent results they are unsurpassed. The Portland Stove Foundry Company have these stoves at their retail store, foot of Chestnut street.

Voluntary Exchange and Taxes.

Adam Smith long ago pointed out that in every voluntary exchange both parties profit. So the average man, when he buys a book or a coat, comes home with a feeling of satisfaction in his purchase. If the book is dull or if the coat does not fit, he forms a resolution to deal no more with the author. On the other hand, if he is made for government services by way of taxation are not exchanges, but forcible levies or exactions. The dissatisfaction inseparable from this method of expenditure is enhanced when a man has to pay for a system of sewerage which he believes to be a waste of money and a danger to the education of other people's children, many of whom are as well able to pay for it as he is; for the education of his own children in a curriculum which excludes his own religious beliefs and overworks them in subjects in the choice of which he has not been consulted; for an administration of the poor law oppressive to the ratepayer and inadequate and harmful to the poor themselves; for costly and probably unsuccessful speculation in docks and canals and for a thousand other objects of a similar character.—Quarterly Review.

Long and Heavy.

An amusing anecdote is told of Robert Wallace, the Radical member of parliament for Edinburgh. The editor of a local paper asked him some time ago to furnish an article on a "High theological topic." He responded with 40 columns on "The Relations Between the Presbyterian Church and Modern Thought." The editor began using it in pieces chopped at random from either end. At last accounts he was still at it.

DEERING.

NORTH DEERING.

Mr. L. B. Reed has been very sick, but is improving.

A very interesting prayer meeting was held Friday evening, conducted by Rev. O. E. Andrews, of the Free church. Another will be held next Friday night. Miss May Mountfort is visiting friends in Windham this week.

Ernest Thompson was hurt quite badly Monday afternoon. While driving a wheel came off the wagon, throwing him out badly bruising him and severely wrenching his back. Fortunately no bones were broken.

Mr. Joseph Wells and family have returned from Wells, where they have spent the summer, to their winter home. The young people of the Free church have a social at the church next Thursday evening. Ice cream and cake will be served.

E. W. Knight is attending Cumberland fair this week.

STATE TOPICS OF INTEREST.

The Wilder Steamship Company, of Honolulu, is advertising in a Maine paper for Maine young men to serve as officers on its steamers. The fame of Maine's hardy mariners has gone round the world by the close of the Maine. The Wilder Steamship Company is one of the leading corporations in the islands, and its steamers are undoubtedly the best employed in the inter-island trade.

The Waterville Mail says that in Fairfield bets are offered for \$25 to \$15 on McKinley, and no takers. A favorite way of betting men is to pick out several States and bet a certain amount on each one. This last is about the only way in which any money can be placed there.

The town of Newry is infested with bears. L. W. Kilgore's boys and Orville Kilgore saw three, a bear and two cubs, in Mr. Kilgore's pasture a few days ago. Wednesday last week E. B. Knapp saw an old bear and two cubs in the oak grove on the mountain back of A. W. Powers. He did not shoot the old one, but did not bring her down. One of the cubs took to a tree, but the foliage was so dense it escaped unseen.

Mr. Appleton Webb of Waterville, has been noted Maine parson Edmund, 210-1-4 by Nelson, and James E. Gerald of Fairfield, for a handsome sum. Edmund will remain in the hands of Driver Guy Edwards, and will start Friday of this week in the 215 class as Brockton, Mass.

The people of Thomaston are excited over the sensational robbery which occurred on Beechwoods street, Saturday night about 11.30 o'clock. Willie Ernest Bunker, the son of Thomaston Banker, a young man about 20 years of age, highly respected by his many friends, was walking to his home, which is about a mile from the village, he was met by a strange looking creature dressed in a

PORTLAND DAILY PRESS

— AND —

MAINE STATE PRESS.

Subscription Rates.
DAILY (in advance) \$6 per year; \$3 for six months; \$1.50 a quarter; 60 cents a month.
The DAILY is delivered every morning by carrier anywhere within the city limits and at Woodford's without extra charge.

DAILY (Not in advance, invariably at the rate of \$7 a year.)
MAINE STATE PRESS, (Weekly) published every Thursday, \$2 per year; \$1 for six months; 60 cents a quarter; 25 cents for trial subscription of six weeks.

Persons wishing to leave town for long or short periods may have the addresses of their papers changed as often as desired.

Advertising Rates.
In DAILY PRESS \$1.50 per square, for one week; \$4.00 for one month. Three insertions or less, \$1.00 per square. Every other day advertisement, one third less than these rates.

Half square advertisements \$1.00 for one week or \$2.50 for one month.
"A Square" is a space of the width of a column and one inch long.

Special Notices, on first page, one-third additional.

Amusements and Auction Sales, \$2.00 per square each week. Three insertions or less, \$1.50 per square.

Reading Notices in nonpartisan type and classed with other paid notices, 15 cents per line each insertion.

Pure Reading Notices in reading matter type, 25 cents per line each insertion.

Wants, To Let, For Sale and similar advertisements, 25 cents per week in advance, for 40 words or less, no display. Displayed advertisements under the headings, and all advertisements not paid in advance, will be charged at regular rates.

In MAINE STATE PRESS—\$1.00 per square or first insertion, and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Address all communications relating to subscriptions and advertisements to:
PUBLISHING CO., 97 EXCHANGE STREET, PORTLAND, ME.

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1.

National Election, Tuesday, Nov. 3.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

William McKinley
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Garret A. Hobart
OF NEW JERSEY.

Four hundred thousand is the estimated Republican majority in Pennsylvania this year. That will do very well.

The Argus seems to be engaged in lamming the silver ticket with faint praise, and it is doing it very well too.

Bryan has paid a compliment to the Springfield Republican, and the editors seem to be quite beside themselves with joy.

It is safe to say that Gen. Hyde's building of government gun boats will do Bath workmen much more good than Arthur Sewall's preaching of free silver.

Bryan completely collapsed after his address to the Tammany braves in New York Tuesday night. What his managers have failed to do—get him to stop talking—physical weakness will compel him to do pretty soon unless he goes at a slower pace.

The bottom seems to have completely dropped out of the Democratic campaign in New York. Tammany is professing a purpose to support the ticket, officially, but a great part of the members of the organization will not vote for it. It is now confidently predicted that the Republicans will carry New York city even. Free silver sentiment is just as scarce among the farmers in the Empire State as it was in Vermont and Maine.

About the only question in dispute is the size of Mr. Black's majority, the estimates ranging from 100,000 to 300,000.

If the general democratization of silver was a bad thing, to Germany, more than any other nation belongs the obloquy for she began it in 1871, and set the example which other nations followed or were compelled to follow. And when Germany did this Bismarck was chancellor and exulted a more potent influence than any other of her statesmen—indeed more potent than all of them together. The silver men ought therefore, to be holding up Bismarck as the great criminal of the age, worse than John Sherman even. But in stead of that they are very much in love with him because he has expressed a desire to have the United States try the experiment of free coinage at 16 to 1.

It is difficult to understand why a letter from McKinley written in 1890 favoring free coinage of American silver should cause a sensation when read as a political meeting in 1896. Everybody knows that in 1890 he had a weakness for extending the silver coinage. He strongly advocated the purchasing fact of 1890 and undoubtedly thought that it would put silver up to a parity with gold. Nobody denies this or ever has. But Mr. McKinley has become convinced that his 1890 notions were wrong, and is now hostile to any further silver experiments except with international agreement. It is his position now that is important—and his position now is against free silver.

How does the Argus know that the PRESS quoted the New York Sun's remarks upon the Yale students' conduct "approvingly"? We published them without comment. Does the Argus endorse all the extracts from other papers which it publishes? If so then

it must either have no opinion on the principal issue of the Presidential campaign, or two opinions, one the exact opposite of the other. If the Argus would like to know our opinion of the New York Sun's article we have no objections to telling it. We think there is a good deal of sense in it. We think that a good deal of the indignation expressed at the Yale's students' groans and hisses has been of the perfunctory sort. It was not strictly polite of course to hiss Bryan, but a man that is travelling about the country pitching into people whom he does not like, as Bryan is, must expect sometimes to get a dose of his own medicine, and if he does there is no reason why he should make much fuss about, or his friends go to pumping up indignation over it.

Bryan is constantly preaching the doctrine that knowledge of the laws and functions of money counts for nothing, that a man who has never given any particular attention to the subject—indeed who has given no attention to it at all—is quite as competent to decide what a nation's currency shall be as a man who has spent his life time in investigating it. Indeed Mr. Bryan sometimes seems to go farther, for he frequently intimates if he does not declare, that ignorance is even likely to breed wisdom on currency questions than knowledge. We presume that to an extent this is a mere pretense on his part, which is adopted as an easy and effective means of flustering his audiences. It is very pleasing to the average man to be told by a Presidential candidate that he is competent to decide any question under the sun, no matter how intricate or abstruse, and Mr. Bryan is quite well aware of it. There is plenty of artfulness about him, though he claims to be a plain, blunt man, and the assumption which he seldom omits from any of his speeches that one person is just as competent as another to pass on currency questions is frequently, we imagine, much less an expression of his convictions than a means of establishing cordial relations with his audiences. But while considerable of his profession on this point is pretence, there is a larger measure of sincerity in it. We think, than he really gets credit for. The truth about Bryan is that he has been a very superficial student of the currency question himself. His addresses show that clearly enough. But while his study has been far from profound his conclusions are most positive. He is intensely dogmatic. Thinking a thing so is equivalent with him to its being so. Apparently no suspicion ever enters his head that he may be mistaken, or that there may be a flaw somewhere in his reasoning, or a wrong premise at its foundation. It is quite natural, perhaps, having arrived at such definite and conclusive results himself at so little expenditure of time and study, that he should take the ground that time and study are not very essential to a correct solution of this question.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Venus and Cupid or A Trip from Mount Olympus to London, by the Personal Conductor of the Party. A new fantastic romance by the author of 'The Fight at Dame Europa's School.' The little volume before us, entitled as above is prettily bound in cerulean blue as befits its subject. The story opens with a modern versucular in the mouths of gods and goddesses. "Look here, Q," said Venus, "if you lie sprawling any longer on that damn cloud, I shall have you laid up with influenza." "Perhaps it's a trifle chilly," replied Cupid, etc. Not only this, but Neptune, Venus, Cupid, Hercules, Diana, Bacchus, Apollo, and Mercury "descend" to become a personally conducted party through continental Europe. The Director of this extraordinary group is obliged to make of it a sort of classic museum or theatre troupe. Naturally or unnaturally, all this gives rise to many, and supernatural, complications. There is an occasional petty bit, early in the book about Ganymedes and the flying eagle; but the use of mythology to illustrate nineteenth century amusements and incidents falls after a little on the reader's taste. There is a good deal of harmless fun in the skit provided it is of the sort which appeals to your special sense of humor. (Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon.)

In Scarlet and Grey, Stories of Soldiers and Others by Florence Henniker and The Spectre of the Heel, by Thomas Hardy and Florence Henniker, consists of a half dozen and one stories which are certainly out of the common. This we rather expect in the Keynote Series which has always an Aubrey Beardsley design and a general air of mystery in making up. "The Spectre of the Heel," to put the last first is most unpleasant and sensational in character. If people will not cut out such tragedies in real life, "the best unrecorded or replaced by other drama where something of natural high-mindedness does occasionally hold sway. The letters are all desperately sad in the telling and contain tender and beautiful episodes well related. They display artistic skill in description and in the reproduction of the emotions of the human heart. Here is a cynical line—"his obnoxious feelings towards women, originating perhaps in the fact that he knew very little about them, were sufficient to gratify the most exacting of the sex." We had forgotten the rather indecent quotation from a Yankee source where eggs not entirely fresh were referred to as "eggs that had seen trouble." For in the story entitled "A Successful Intrusion" the sombre side of the narration is lighted up by occasional jokes and light sarcasms. We note this charming picture "the mud, left bare by retreating down the water being imprinted with hundreds of little footmarks of plovers feeding there. Eight or nine herons stood further away one two composedly fishing, their gray figures reflected with unblurred clearness in the mirror of the pool. Some little water-

hens waddled with a fussy gait across the sodden ground in front of them, and a procession of wild geese came through the sky and passed on till they faded away into a row of black dots." (Boston: Roberts Brothers; London: John Lane, Vigo St.; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon. Price \$1.00.)

Poems by Emily Dickinson Edited by Mabel Loomis Todd. Third Series. Emily Dickinson's poems exhibit certain curious, features. The author employs the comparative in new directions as an adverb, "ruefully," or uses such a token, we get great monotony of metre, curt, abrupt phrases in rhyme, occult allusions that almost annoy one in the effort to unravel them and now and then a very repelling interpretation of nature or the soul's contemplation. Having freed a book reviewer's conscience of that load attention may now be called to numerous poems—all her verses are brief—which it is not too much to call exquisitely lovely or quaint or delicious as their one may be. We should like to cite "A Book," "Saturday Afternoon," "Disenchantment" and many another but must content ourselves from a choice among the light, dainty conceits of the poet, with

ALPINE GLOW.

"Our lives are Swiss,—
So still, so cool,
Till some odd afternoon
The Alps neglect their curtains
And we look farther on
Italy stands the other side,
While, like a guard between,
The solemn Alps
Forever intervene!"

A ROSE.

"A sepal, petal and a thorn
Upon a common summer's morn,
A dash of dew, a bee or two
A breeze
A asper in the trees,—
And I'm a rose!"

(Boston: Roberts Brothers; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon. Price \$1.25.)

With My Neighbors by Margaret E. Sangster, author of "On The Road Home" "Little Knights and Ladies" etc., etc. is made up of friendly talks limited to two or three pages each upon an everyday or "fireside" topic to which perchance we may not be attributing the best and most helpful meaning. A gathering of honey for us where we were receiving nothing or it may be even bitter distillations. These talks are friendly, full of common sense, very simple and yet they may fairly claim to be incentives to right thinking and living. The volume closes with three poems, one "The House of Obed Edom" by special request. Among the prose themes are, "Society Girls," "Summer Church Going," "The Care of The Care Taker" and "Extra-gance in Living." (New York: Harper & Brothers; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon.)

The Old Infant and Similar Stories by Will Carleton author of "Farm Ballads" etc. The author of "Betsey and I are Out" has a place in homely hearts and appeals to all who appreciate humor and pathos clothed in an up country dialect. To encounter this author in short stories in prose is less usual. The present collection has the defects of its qualities: a facility rather easy-going method, crudity of tone and a good deal of provincialism. To offset this we have genuine humor and humor sufficient in amount to make the stories very readable. The Old Infant, The Vestal, The Virgin, Lost—Two Young Ladies, The One Ring Circus, The Christmas Car, A Business Flirtation and Oldtime's Burglars make up the table of contents. "The One Ring Circus," the description of Miss Jareds in "Lost—Two Young Ladies," and the opening description of the school room in "The Old Infant" are regarded as the clever portions of the book. (New York: Harper & Brothers; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon.)

An Outcast of The Islands by Joseph Conrad, author of Almayers Folly. Readers of this latter work of fiction need not be told that this author's distinction lies in a marvelous ability to handle psychological subjects with awful vividness and power. Given, also his knowledge of Malay life and we have an opportunity for contrasts of race-traits and temperament most striking and effective, as presented by this writer. From low birth to a higher position; then retreat to a barbaric life and is the career of the man who is the central figure of the tale. The tropic environment, the difference in civilizations, the study of morbid passion—in portraying all this Mr. Conrad is one of the masters. But the atmosphere is almost too heavy and the emotion too tense for real life or the most satisfying art. (New York: D. Appleton & Company. Town and Country Library, No. 198. Cloth, \$1.00.)

The King's Revenge by Claude Bray, author of "To Save Himself," "The Last of the Dymokes" etc. A surprisingly large number of novels have been making their appearance recently, the scheme of which is a virtual protest against realism and a return to history and romance in story telling. Such a novel is the one before us. It treats of Edward I. and his favorite Piers Gaveston, Earl of Cornwall. The books are well written and entertaining even if its contents are not very valuable from the point of view of instruction, but indeed Edw. I. himself is not a striking figure to build romances upon. (New York: D. Appleton & Company; Portland: Loring, Short & Harmon; Town and Country Library No. 19. Cloth, \$1.00.)

CURRENT COMMENT.

HOW THEY LOVE SILVER. (Philadelphia Press.)
Three of the leading men in the crusade for free silver coinage are ex-Governor Sylvester Penney of Oregon, Governor John F. Altgeld of Illinois, and Arthur Sewall of Maine, candidate for Vice President on the Bryan ticket. As they favor a 66-cent dollar for the workingmen it is the natural conclusion that they are willing to take silver dollars themselves. Are they? Let us see.

Sylvester Penney, ex-governor of Oregon has his mortgages made payable in gold, principle and interest. "The Press" printed a short time ago an exact copy of one of these leases in which it is expressly stipulated that the rent is to be paid in "standard gold coin of the United States." This proves the strength of Mr. Altgeld's love for the silver dollar which, however, he is ready to pay out to the workingmen for wages.

John F. Altgeld, governor of Illinois, has the leases of the Unity company building in Chicago, in which he has all his savings invested and of which he is the president, made payable in gold. "The Press" printed a short time ago an exact copy of one of these leases in which it is expressly stipulated that the rent is to be paid in "standard gold coin of the United States." This proves the strength of Mr. Altgeld's love for the silver dollar which, however, he is ready to pay out to the workingmen for wages.

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THE WEST ALL RIGHT.

McKinley Will Carry Illinois by 100,000
and All the Other Big States.

The following letter to a gentleman in this city will be read with interest:
"Rockport, Ill., September 26th, 1896
Friend Sweet:
Yours at hand, and glad to hear from you. Business here is generally speaking dull, but as regards politics I want to say that Illinois will give McKinley the largest majority that has ever been given any candidate. I was in Chicago yesterday, and day before, and they are betting on 50,000 majority right in the city and are talking of 75,000. I am confident that McKinley will carry both Iowa and Nebraska, Wisconsin by a big majority; Kentucky too. Oh, we are all right out here. As Tom Reed told you all in Portland in one of his lectures: You need not worry about the West. At least a good portion of it. Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan, Iowa and South Dakota will completely swamp all of New England in their majorities. Illinois alone will give over 100,000. We are now trying to get Reed out here. He is coming to Chicago.
I have never seen times in the West half as dull as they are now. But after McKinley is elected things will commence to boom. The West will start the ball rolling, and all America will follow suit. "My Country 'Tis of Thee; Sweet Land of Liberty." Your well wisher.
A. H. SHERBATT.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

The Bostonians.

Yesterday the subscriptions to the two performances to be given by the Bostonians were taken up and the list closed in the evening. This morning at seven o'clock at Rockbridge's, the subscribers' certificates will be exchanged, and on Saturday morning the sale of seats will be held.

The operas contemplated are "Robin Hood," and "In Mexico." There will doubtless be a large attendance from out of the city.

Riverton Park.

Be sure to go out to Riverton today and listen to the Alabama Troubadours. The children will enjoy the music as well as the adults. Then too, you will want to take lunch at the Casino and enjoy a sail up the beautiful Presumpscot. On the return the children will have to see the squirrels and the raccoons—that are too cunning for anything—and enjoy a ride in the merry-go-round. Oh, there is lots of amusement at Riverton, and it is of the most healthy kind.

The Texas Steer.

Hoyt's amusing political satire, "A Texas Steer," which comes to the Portland Theatre this evening for a two night's engagement seems to be one of those plays blessed of fate and fortune which run season after season without diminution of public eagerness to see and enjoy them. The picture of rural political scenes, of life at the Capitol, of the pitfalls and snares awaiting the unaccustomed Congressman, of the queer twists of office-holding conscience and the sharks of both sexes and all conditions infesting Washington are laughably overdrawn and absolutely highly colored but in all their purposeful exaggeration are lines and tints of truth which no one can fail to recognize. Nor are the types unfamiliar in real life, absurd as they are made to appear. The fate of the unsuccessful officeholder in Washington, his picture as a vast grave of disappointed hopes and broken lives, is a bit of pathos effective for its farcical surroundings and impressive from its simple and homely truth. As to the work of the play no small part of its continued success is due to the cleverness of its situations and the wit of its dialogue. The company that comes to Portland Theatre on this occasion is promised as one of the best that has been seen in this famous mirth-provoker, and including Will Mandeville, Will H. Bray, John D. Croven, Miss Alice Warner, Adeline Sawyer and a number of other equally clever people, many of whom created their parts in the original production.

Ryze's Annual Concert.

The annual benefit concert for Portland's well known blind musician, Mr. W. J. Ryze, will take place in Congress hall, Wednesday evening, October 14. Excellent talent will assist in making the annual concert a success and those who patronize it will be delighted with the entertainment. In addition to the entertaining feature the public should take into consideration the worthiness of the undertaking on the part of Mr. Ryze's many friends. The tickets will be thirty-five cents, not twenty-five as erroneously printed.

Portland National Bank.

Today the Portland National Bank pays its stockholders a dividend of 8 per cent, amounting to \$8000. After paying this dividend the bank's accumulated profits will amount to \$12,000, making the book value of its stock 112 1/2. The bank commenced business in October, 1890. During the seven years since that date it has paid to its stockholders semi-annual dividends amounting to \$117,000, which if added to the profits on hand makes \$172,000 or 57 1/2 per cent on the capital stock.

The Lookout Times Again.

A despatch yesterday said: "The assignment of Lookout Inn property was made as a precautionary measure to protect the property from suits which threatened, and it was Mr. Carter's opinion that as soon as Mr. M. S. Gibson, who is local manager of the Lookout Improvement company, can reach Boston, all difficulties would be satisfactorily adjusted."

Sale of Lots Postponed.

There was a sale of twenty-six cottage lots advertised to take place at Riverton park yesterday afternoon, with F. O. Bailey & Co., auctioneers. Owing to the storm the sale was postponed to a later date.

ALTHENE SKIN SOAP. Dr. Henry Leffmann, the well known Chemist, says: "It is absolutely pure, correctly made, and entirely free from any irritating minerals or organic substances." Superb For Infants.



FOR HONEST VALUE AND EXCELLENT RESULTS

*****THE*****
SPARKLE
.....AND.....
ST. NICHOLAS

Parlor Heating Stoves Have No Peer.

Made by the Makers of

ATLANTIC

RANGES AND HEATERS

PORTLAND STOVE FOUNDRY CO.

Retail Store at Foundry, Foot of Chestnut Street.

R. S. DAVIS & CO., LEROY YATES, O. M. & D. W. NASH, C. E. HOWES, Portland; J. L. RICHARDSON & CO., So. Portland, LOCAL AGENTS.

HARBOR NOTES.

Messrs. J. S. Winslow & Co. have sold the steamer Ben Hur to Messrs. Dodge and Perkins of South Portland. It is reported that the price was \$3000.

The schooner S. M. Bird arrived yesterday with 717 tons of coal from Louisville. Half of it was culm coal for the Warren mills at Cumberland Mills.

About seven a. m. yesterday the south-east wind was very severe in the harbor. The schooner S. M. Bird, lying in the roads, was forced to put down a second anchor in order to hold her own.

The schooner Horace G. Morse, which has been unloading iron water pipe, has towed into the stream.
On Tuesday night some schooner poked her jibboom through the starboard bulwarks of the steamer Pilgrim as she lay in her berth at Custom House wharf. They are putting together the plates of the Spruce Point Light House on Fort Preble wharf, probably in order to do some preliminary fitting.

Progress on the Elevator Foundation.

Work on the elevator foundation slackened a little yesterday on account of the rain; but in the afternoon a small crew were at work. A track has been laid down into the excavation, and gravel cars are run down in and loaded with dirt. The land is all made land, and the progress of the work discloses the remains of old wharves which did duty before the waters of the harbor had been pushed back to the line of the present wharves. Yesterday workmen were getting the pile drivers ready and unloading the logs which are to serve as piles. The driving of the piles will begin soon in the portions excavated.

Fern Lodge.

A good sized party of the members of Fern lodge No. 2, Odd Ladies, enjoyed a trolley ride to Willard yesterday afternoon, going by special car provided by the kindness of the Cape Electric road officials. The party returned to the city during the evening, all declaring that the trip had been a most enjoyable one.

The committee appointed by Fern Lodge No. 2, Odd Ladies, will hold a meeting Friday evening with Mrs. Downing, 205 Oxford street to make the final arrangements for holding the grand public entertainment and supper which they contemplate giving at an early date.

Football Notes.

The Freeport High school football team bid fair to be by far the best ever on that was ever produced by the school. A. P. Ward of Bowdoin '96 has been coaching the team for the last two weeks and now under the guidance of Captain Davis they are doing some hard practicing. The backs, though light are swift, and with good interference will make good gains. The first game is to be played at Westbrook, this coming Saturday, and the next Saturday at Bath with Bath High school eleven.

The Shalers also regret their inability to meet the Willards on the gridiron next Saturday, but desire to meet them one week from Saturday, afternoon, at Willard. Expenses must be paid. Address by postal to Andrew Ward, Jr., 29 Merrill street.

Palmer's Opening.

Yesterday's storm deprived many ladies of the opportunity of visiting Palmer's millinery opening, and as a consequence they have continued their display through today. Those who did visit them yesterday, however are loud in their praises of the stylish patterns exhibited and the attractive display of goods throughout the store. One large case of Parisian novelties was particularly admired. Portland is fortunate in having a store that can so closely follow the French styles, and we are glad to know that this firm is receiving the support a first-class establishment of this sort should have.

A BAD FALL.

Joseph O'Connor Breaks His Hip and Receives Other Injuries.

Yesterday afternoon Joseph O'Connor, an employee of Meggler & Jones was on a ladder painting the iron truss work that supports the roof of the new auditorium. He was about thirty feet from the floor, when a rung in the ladder broke. He fell to the floor and broke his hip and it is feared that he is internally injured. He was taken to the Maine General hospital in Rich's ambulance. O'Connor is about twenty-six years of age, lives on Deering street and is unmarried.

Coat Shooters' Luck.

The coat shooting is now on in the harbor. Captain E. L. Parson got seven yesterday, out in the vicinity of Richmond's island. Captain Ben Willard went yesterday on the Fannie G. He got one coat, a very large one, though.

J. B. Jones shot a coat from Forest City wharf at Peaks yesterday. The gale seems to have driven the coats in.

Extensive Alterations.

Rines Brothers Company opened their new cloakrooms yesterday with one of the finest displays to be seen east of Boston. The new rooms include the second and third floors, giving 18,750 square feet floor space for the sale and manufacture of garments, furs, suits, waists and skirts. The salesroom on second floor is divided on the Casco street side into departments, as follows:
Department 1—Suits, waists and skirts.
Department 2—Fur jackets, fur capes and fur trimmings.
Department 3—Misses' children's and infant's cloaks.
Department 4—Boy's clothing.
Department 5—Mackintoshes and shawls.
Department 6—Blankets, draperies and cloakings.
Department 7—At the rear is a large department consisting of wrappers, tea gowns and dressing sacks.
Department 8—Directly opposite is a splendidly arranged department devoted to ladies' and misses' cotton underwear. The remainder of the main floor is devoted wholly to the sale of ladies' garments, except at the head of the stairs where will be found a pleasant, well-lighted office for bookkeeper, cashier and private desks.

This floor contains 80 large windows, not a dark corner to be found. Rines Brothers Company are large manufacturers of garments, furs, suits, waists and skirts. On the third floor will be found model work rooms, fitted up with cutting tables and sewing machines run by electricity; also on this floor will be found waiting and fitting rooms for customers who have suits and garments made to order. Over 65 persons are employed in this department who manufacture and sell garments at wholesale and retail.

The opening will be continued today and special invitation is extended to all to visit these new rooms.

MARRIAGES.

In Gorham, Sept. 29, by Rev. E. C. Street, Bion W. Bickford and Miss Eva J. Plummer, both of Gorham.
In Old Orchard, Sept. 30, by Rev. W. Canham, Charles E. LeBaron and Sarah A. McKenzie, both of New Bedford, Mass.
In Bath, Sept. 29, Stewart D. McPherson and Miss Ella V. Follard.
In Bath, Sept. 29, Fred A. Shockey of East Bowdoinham and Miss Elva L. Haldell.
In Rockland, Sept. 21, Rev. S. M. Wales of St. George and Luhi King of Friendship.
In East Corinth, Sept. 21, Linwood Hewitt of Dover and Miss Sadie V. Kelley of Exeter.
In Newport, Sept. 20, Abram C. Littlefield and Miss Bertha Myshall.
In East Winthrop, Sept. 22, Ralph W. Prescott and Miss Alice E. Keyes of East Winthrop.
In Rockland, Sept. 23, Albert G. Morrow and Miss Emma Tuttle of East Rockland.
In Machias, Sept. 20, Geo. A. Hall of Haverhill and Miss Fannie E. Coffin of Machias.

The weather today

is likely to be fair.

Portland, Oct. 1, 1896.

OUR great "Portland High School" Paper manufactured especially for us, is the very best made for all school uses, and is the favorite in all the Portland schools, public and private.

It is made of the finest stock, a delicately tinted cream, clearly ruled, large size and heavy,—the price is much lower than even inferior papers are commonly sold for.

A fresh lot just received from the mills.

We sell a very superior quality of plain India Silks in forty shades at 39c a yard.
Special exclusive designs in imported printed Silks for picture frames, lamp shades, etc., at 75c a yard.

Have you seen the Swiss Muslin Chamber Curtains we are selling this week at \$1.19 the pair? Seven new patterns, all good. It is a wonderful bargain.

OWEN, MOORE & CO.

THE FAIR

— AT —

West Cumberland

will be postponed on account of storm until

NEXT FAIR DAY.

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DEATHS.

In this city, Sept. 30, Jonathan F. Wheeler, aged 52 years 1 month.
In Yarmouth, Sept. 29, Amos Greenleaf, aged 78 years 4 months 24 days.
In Yarmouth on Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, at the Soldier's Home, Togus, Maine, Sept. 30, John L. Waterhouse, aged 71 years 6 months.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 29, Mrs. Patrick Larkin, aged 78 years.
In North Fairfield, Sept. 18, Daniel L. Heald, aged 61 years.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 17, Samuel F. Shaw, aged 64 years 9 months.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 18, Florence R. Varney, aged 21 years.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 17, Samuel F. Shaw, aged 64 years 9 months.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 17, Samuel F. Shaw, aged 64 years 9 months.
In Ellsworth, Sept. 17, Samuel F. Shaw, aged 64 years 9 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. R. LIBBY.

He don't like to "Step-Mother" the old stock.



WE'VE GOT a new Umbrella Manager! And, like all new buyers, he don't like to "step-mother" the goods bought by his predecessor. Says they are dusty and wrinkled, wants to have everything spic' and span' new.

WE'VE DECIDED TO humor his whim and have instructed him to make a separate price out sale of all the "Left-over" Umbrellas.

So he has them spread along the counter—just inside the main entrance, cor. Congress and Oak Sts.—isolated from his new stock, and Thursday the Umbrella Barain Sale will go on until all are sold.

THE WRITER OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT cannot tell for the life of him how these Umbrellas differ from the new ones—except in the matter of price. The swift passage of a whisk broom will make them new, but the prices are raveled and frayed beyond recognition.

GLORIA COVERED UMBRELLAS. Absolutely water-tight. Sizes 26 and 28. Paragon frame, were \$1.00, now 80c
7 Union Serge Coverings, \$1.39 and 1.25 kind, 90c
5 higher grade, \$1.69 and 1.50 kind, \$1.19
7 \$1.89 and \$1.75 kind, 1.39
7 Union Silks, \$2.50 and 2.25 kind, 1.89
11 Taffetas and Union Silks, 4.50 and 3.25 kind, 2.50

ART? YES YOU shall have Art as well as Textiles in the "Big Store," and Art at Dry Goods prices.

The Etchings, Pastels, Colored Prints and Water Colors in our Art Gallery are at such prices as \$1.87, \$2.40, \$3.00.

Make our Art Gallery your trusting place. See the Free St. Picture window.

ART JONIOR. There's another Art department in the "Big Store." Art needlework. You'll see samples of it in one of the Congress St. windows.

SWISS "CUT WORK" much of it embroidered and cut out by hand in Swiss homes. Exquisite things.

BUREAU SETS, 4 pieces; 98c
Bureau Scarfs, 50c up to \$3.50
Commode Covers, 50 cts. to \$3.00
Table Covers, charmingly embroidered and cut out, 50c to \$3.50
Pillow Shams, 50c to \$3.50
Mats, square and round, all sizes, 10c to \$1.37

SOFAPILLOWS. Fancy China Silk with ruffle, puffing and Silk cord, \$1.00, \$2.25.
Denim Pillows with ruffle, Brownie design. Price \$1.25
Figured Satine Pillows, ruffle and cord finish, 62 1-2c to 98c

PIANO COVERS. Hand embroidered Oriental Silk Covers, \$1.25 to \$7.00
Lambrequins. Same material, \$1.45 to \$7.00
Silk Tidies and Scarfs, 25c to \$1.50
Silk Table Covers, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$5.00.

RAPERY Silks, latest colors, 48c to \$1.25 yard.
Plain India Silks, 32 inches wide (note the width). Ten different shades, 65c
Swiss Embroideries in the Art department.
Second floor. Take elevator.

J. R. LIBBY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. R. LIBBY.

FOR YOUR ADVANTAGE

.... WE HAVE POSTPONED OUR

OPENING

TILL

Saturday Morning, Oct. 3d.

As we want you to witness other opening displays so you can get a good idea of prices, style and finish on THIS FALL'S GARMENTS, then we invite you to come to our place and convince yourself of the inducements we offer.

38 1-3 PER CENT

on every

JACKET, CAPE OR SKIRT.

Be sure and don't buy your garment until you have seen our line, and do not buy of us unless we save you that amount, but we do ask of you to wait a couple of days before purchasing, as it is not worth while paying \$3.00 to \$5.00 more for a garment when you get it only three days sooner.

Remember that other dealers have to pay the same prices you can buy your garment for. This is not a mere statement but a positive fact, and it is to our as well as

TO YOUR ADVANTAGE.

Importers, **R. M. LEWSEN & CO., Mfrs.,**

538 Congress St.,

Formerly occupied by Cressey, Jones & Allen.

sept130

du

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING

Our assortment is complete in all departments. We are showing a superior line of cloths for custom tailoring. Fine Ready Made Clothing of our own make. Special attractive designs for young men.

STOUT MEN'S SUITS.

Elegant designs and colorings in New Fall Neckwear in all the popular shapes.

GLOVES

for street and dress wear is a strong feature of our stock. Have you seen Fawcett's New Driving Glove? It is a pronounced success. You will find it in our Furnishing Department. Don't neglect to examine our stock when in need of anything in our line.

HASKELL & JONES,

TAILORS, CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS, MONUMENT SQUARE.

P. S. We shall open our Cloak Rooms very soon with a line of Ladies' Garments of the latest styles and fabrics, due notice of which will be given in the daily papers.

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CRESSEY, JONES & ALLEN.

We wish to be modest in our statements concerning our new PIANO WAREHOUSES and so have waited to see if our friends, visitors and patrons would agree with us that we have the FINEST WAREHOUSES in this section of the country. We find they do and many of our visitors go as far as to say that there are few in the WHOLE COUNTRY that are equal to them.

Our stock is equal in every respect to our surroundings, and with our large shipment of CHICKERING & SONS, BLASUIS & SONS, KRANICH & BACH, ALBRECHT, and STERLING pianos we feel that we can suit every taste and the circumstances of every individual customer. Our PRICES on some classes of goods are LOWER than in the old store and NONE are HIGHER.

If you want a piano it will pay you to give us a call.

CRESSEY, JONES & ALLEN,

566 CONGRESS STREET, BAXTER BLOCK.

INSURANCE IS

AN UMBRELLA.



It protects the whole family. It protects them from the snow and rain and sleet of poverty and privation. It is a constant safeguard. It is the key to a strong lock. It is the only thing on this round earth that defies the ravages of fire. It gives value to ashes. A pile of insured ashes is just about as valuable as the house was before the fire destroyed it.

We sell sure insurance. Are you supplied?

DOW & PINKHAM,

35 Exchange St.

WORMS IN CHILDREN.

Hundreds of children have worms, but their parents doctor them for nearly everything else.

True's Pin Worm Elixir

In the best Worm Remedy made. It is likewise the best remedy for all the complaints of children, such as Feverishness, Constipation, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, etc. It has been a household remedy for 45 years. Its efficacy in such troubles has never been equalled. Purely vegetable and harmless. Price 50 cents. At all Drugists, or of the Proprietors. D.R. J.F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.



THE PRESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

Owen, Moore & Co.
J. K. Libby.
Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.
Hines Bros. Co.
Maine Central excursion.
J. K. Palmer.
Hooper, Son & Leighton—2.
Cressey, Jones & Allen.
West Cumberland Fair.
Messenger's Notice.
City of Portland.
Haskell & Jones.

New Wants, To Let, For Sale, Lost, Found and Similar advertisements will be found under their appropriate head on Page 6.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

The great hole on Fore street near the foot of Waterville is being filled, and the street will be open to travel in a few days.

The Eastern Promenade is being unacademized from Fort Allen Park to Atlantic street.

Extensive alterations are in progress at the Beckett street car shops in order to make room for the large number of cars that have to be stored there. The building nearest the Eastern Promenade formerly used as a stable, is in process of being made over into a car house.

The plan of Mr. Olmstead for the improvement of Back Cove and his report has been issued in pamphlet form, and so has the annual report of Mr. Fernald, commissioner of Public Works.

There was a very heavy rain during the night Tuesday and early Wednesday morning, but at noon the clouds cleared, and the afternoon was fine. There was quite a high wind during the rain.

The government of the Mechanic Association met Tuesday night and approved bills to the amount of about a thousand dollars. The regular meeting of the Association will be held tonight.

The Larrabee store on Congress street is to be opened the beginning of 1897 as a large clothing house by a syndicate that controls twenty-seven large stores in the United States.

The alarm rang for no session of schools yesterday morning. A session was held in the afternoon.

Mr. Gilbert opens the season at his dancing academy today, the Thursday afternoon class being the first to commence. The evening class commences tonight. See advertisement in amusement column.

The clearing at the Portland clearing house yesterday were \$306,377; corresponding day in 1895, \$339,935.

On account of the storm yesterday the fair at West Cumberland was postponed to the next fair day.

Thomas Mellen's little boy, while playing in the street Tuesday night, was run over by a jigger and quite severely bruised.

There was a scrap on Fore street, near the foot of Exchange street yesterday morning. A very respectable appearing man who was considerable under the average size became involved in a dispute with a strapping young fellow and was his several times on the head and face with an umbrella.

PERSONAL.

Capt. H. P. Bickett of the barge office received a letter yesterday from Mr. H. G. Hunt, formerly of this city, but now located in Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands. Mr. Hunt left this city about nine months ago in search of a milder climate where his health would be better. He writes in a very interesting manner concerning the work being done in that place by the Y. M. C. A., and the churches.

Mrs. W. T. Ormiston, wife of Prof. Ormiston of Turkey, is in town visiting friends.

The wedding of Miss Annie Manson Smith, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Edwin Smith of Bedford, Mass., to Mr. Arthur Fuller Belcher of Farmington, will occur at the Trinitarian Congregational church, Bedford, on Wednesday afternoon next. Mr. and Mrs. Belcher will be at home after November 20, at the Columbia, Portland.

Judge Adelbert D. Cornish of Lewiston, has been in Bangor looking after the interests of his candidacy for the appointment to succeed Judge C. V. Walton as associate justice of the supreme court of Maine. Judge Walton's term expires May 15, 1897, and it is understood that he does not desire a reappointment.

Congressman Dingley left Wednesday for the West to speak for two weeks in the campaign in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. He speaks Thursday evening in Conneaut, Ohio, and on Friday in Cleveland. While in Ohio he will visit Mr. McKinley at Canton. From Ohio he will go to Indiana, speaking four afternoons at mass meetings in the central parts of that state; and then go to Illinois for four days, closing his tour in that state at Chicago the middle of October.

The following were the arrivals at the Preble house yesterday: Major B. C. Ring, Chicago; Hon. J. S. Ames and wife, Gen. S. J. Moore, Washington; Hon. Nicholas Fessenden, Augusta; Louis R. Cochrane, T. L. Ellis, New York; R. A. Hippler and wife, H. N. McCurdy, Bath.

The following were among those registered at the Palmyra hotel yesterday: N. J. Grace, Frank Conlon, C. D. B. Fiske, F. F. O'Reilly, Boston; M. Meredith, F. G. Gorham, New York; C. H. Page, Philadelphia; J. S. Starrist, Milford, N. H.; H. E. Snow, R. T. Sommers, Fall River; W. H. White, Bucksport.

Fryeburg Fair Postponed.

On account of the weather the Fryeburg fair will continue through Friday. The largest field of horses ever seen in Oxford county are present. Among the well known horses who will start on Thursday are the following:

In the 2.32 class, Charles A. of Portland; Silvio W. Woodford, N. H.; Glenco Patchen, Harrison; Ivy Wilkes, Tilton, N. H.; Nellie May, Woburn, Mass.; Floesie, Hagan's Junction, N. H.; Enla, Sacon.

In the 2.35 pace Daisy of Conway; Beanie, Denmark; Nelma, Deering; Ira L., Portland; Nooubelle, Hagan's Junction, N. H.

MR. GARDINER TO ENDEAVORERS

First Rally of the Portland Local Union Held Last Evening.

Large Audience and Interesting Meeting—Change in the Programme—The Sultan Described.

The first rally of the season of the Portland Local Union of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, was held last evening at the Second Parish church. This meeting was arranged for by a committee composed of Messrs. A. Southworth, F. H. Plummer and J. D. McQuarrie. The church was prettily decorated with bright new American flags, which were draped over the doorways and over the pulpit. The motto "For Christ and the Church" was erected above the society badge, behind the pulpit.

The attendance was large. The exercises began by the praise service, led by Mr. Roscoe S. Davis.

Reading of the scriptures by Rev. George D. Lindsay and prayer by Rev. A. H. Wright, followed.

The St. Lawrence street Male Quartette, Messrs. Samuel S. Gilbert, Wm. H. Davis, Alfred H. Tracy, Fred H. Oliver and Harry W. Locke, pianist, next rendered, "O, Gallilee, Sweet Gallilee," very beautifully.

Rev. Frederick M. Gardiner, pastor of the Central Square Baptist church of Boston, and a graduate of Colby in the class of 1881, was next introduced. He said he felt embarrassed at speaking of Christian Endeavor to a Portland audience. It seemed like carrying coals to Newcastle, like making a silver speech to Mr. Bryan, like talking of rules to Thomas B. Reed, like bringing Republicanism to Maine.

But seriously there was much to be said on the subject of Christian Endeavor. It was a time of peril. The stage of organization had been passed. It was now time to look to the strengthening of the spirituality of the great organization. This was an age of great physical, intellectual and moral power. It was also an age of great religious power, of great missionary effort.

But for all this, was it not true that there was a great lack of spiritual power. He was not an alarmist. But he believed that the church, that Christian Endeavor, lacked in spiritual power. Were Peter to come back to earth now he would be disappointed at the little progress made in eighteen hundred years.

The church has culture, wealth and resources for all the work required of her. The real lack of the church is a lack of spiritual power. How should this be remedied. Turn to Daniel 11-12, where he says: "The people that know their God shall be strong and do exploits." In fellowship with God shall the church and Christian Endeavor flourish.

How shall this be obtained? First by a positive knowledge of spiritual things? There is too much indulgence of hope, and too little of the positive knowledge of John, who said: "I know." We should know God as we know people here, by fellowship and communion with Him. Meditation and prayer were great agencies for this. There was too little prayer now. Family prayers had become almost an institution of the past. Knox and other men of great spiritual power were wont to commune with God three or four hours every day. We can walk with Jesus Christ as definitely as we can walk with any person on the street; and when we know we are walking with him we are strong.

Mr. Gardiner quoted St. Paul's injunction to be filled with the spirit, not with wine. He cited a drunken man who he had seen that morning under the Massachusetts "infernal license law; thank God you do not have it here." (A murmur.) Having contrasted the man filled with wine with the man filled with the divine spirit, the speaker went on to a spirited recapitulation of the triumphs of the faith which had inspired the crusaders of the past, had inspired Carey and Judson, and was inspiring those missionaries who now, in the land of that "miserable fiend of the pit, arch representation of hell, incarnation of devilishness, the Sultan," are gloriously standing at their posts.

Among the great exploits which fellowship with God would make possible would be the ability to live right, a great exploit. Let Christian Endeavor live for the best in life, and it would sweep the world. If Christian Endeavor is to be her great work she will do it when she realizes the spiritual power spoken of tonight. There will be in the next century a great struggle of religions, but the one that will triumph will not be the one that can show the most ancient documents; but the one that can work the greatest good in the human soul.

Miss Cora B. Bickford of Biddeford, president of the Maine Union, who had been delayed, arrived during the evening and was introduced to speak on "Progressive Endeavor."

Rev. Ellison R. Purdy of the Friends' church who as president of the Union presided, introduced Miss Bickford with some verses on Woman's Sphere, which ended as follows:

There's never a life or death or birth, That has a feather weight of worth, Without a woman in it.

Miss Bickford spoke emphatically of the necessity that Christian Endeavor should not rest on its laurels, but move on the new achievements. At the last convention "Christian Citizenship" was added as a department of work. The Christian citizen, among other duties, and of a civic nature would see, that the tobaccoconist does not sell cigarettes to minors, and that the newsdealer does not sell poisonous literature. Woman had her place in the sphere of Christ citizenship, even if it were no more than to keep her front yard beautiful, to gather the young about her for instruction, or to exert such an influence on her husband as Whittier describes in "Among the Hills."

The social question merited great attention. What was being given to the

young people in place of the dance hall? Here was a great work, to give a wholesome social life to these. Great tact and good breeding were needed for this.

And finally the great question of evangelization came up. In this we should not, while working for the foreign field, forget the field at our own doors.

After singing again by the quartette, the devotional service followed, led by Mr. Purdy.

Children of the American Revolution.

An adjourned meeting of the Children of the American Revolution was held at the residence of Mrs. J. E. Palmer, Tuesday afternoon. The president, Miss Sarah Adams, after a preliminary talk to the children, stating the object of the society, called the meeting to order. A plan of work for the winter was talked over, and vacant offices filled. The officers are: Miss Sarah Adams, president; Miss Margaret J. Kimball, first vice-president; Everett Hazeltine, second vice-president; Miss Molly Bryant, secretary; James K. Laughlin, treasurer; Ethel Laughlin, registrar.

A committee was appointed to formulate by-laws, consisting of Molly Bryant, Margaret Kimball and Margaret Shephard. The next meeting was appointed four October 14th at the same place.

Miss Agnes E. Slack.

Miss Agnes E. Slack of England, will speak in the Second Parish church next Sunday evening, October 4th. She is secretary of the World's W. O. T. U. and is a young woman of great ability who has for years taken a vivid interest in all social amusements; but her visits to prisons and workhouses in all parts of England have helped to make her a temperance reformer. She is an interesting and powerful speaker. She holds many places of prominence in Great Britain all of which she fills with marked success. Miss Slack will speak in Portland only at this time, and it is hoped a large number will avail themselves of the great privilege of listening to her.

Living Pictures of the Rebellion.

Comrade S. A. Bowers of Concord, N. H., will soon give his "Living pictures of the War of the Rebellion" in this city. The press endorses these pictures very highly wherever they have been seen.

It has been definitely decided that Albert George Whitehead, the ex-Irish prisoner, who has been confined in the insane pavilion at Bellevue hospital for several days is insane.

Much in Little Hood's Pills

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We Announce With Pleasure

that we have added to our force of employees,

MR. WILLIAM J. HOYT,

who is favorably and extensively known from his previous connection with R. S. Davis & Co., and H. J. Bailey & Co.

We shall be pleased to assist him in giving a cordial welcome to all of his friends, and shall gladly second his efforts to please them with goods and prices in our store.

"The Household Outfitters,"

HOOPER, SON & LEIGHTON,

ootl eod3t

\$1.50

EXCURSION

— TO THE —

White Mountains,

SATURDAY, OCT. 3d.

Train leaves Union Station 6.45 a. m. Four hours at Crawford, Mt. Pleasant House and Fabyana.

PAYSON TUCKER, V. F. & Gen. Mgr.

F. E. BOOTHBY, G. P. & T. A. oct12t isor5thp

"COME IN AND TRY Those 3 minute biscuits."

The free cooking exhibit continues daily all this week.

The Wonderful Range . . .

. . . MAJESTIC

is on daily exhibition in working order, and it is baking biscuits in 3 minutes.

DRAPERY DEPT.

"THOSE ODD PAIRS OF LACES

At Just 1-2 Price"

are being closed out rapidly but come at once! and you may still secure a bargain in Irish Points, Swiss, Brussels and other fine laces.

. . . "COME AT ONCE; 'T WILL PAY YOU." . . .

"The Household Outfitters,"

HOOPER, SON & LEIGHTON

OUR TERMS—Your money back if the goods don't suit you. oct12t

MILLINERY OPENING CONTINUED.

On account of yesterday's storm, depriving many of the opportunity of visiting our store, we shall continue our opening through today,

THURSDAY, - OCT. 1st.

J. E. PALMER,

oot1dt 543 CONGRESS STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RINES BROTHERS COMPANY.

OWING TO THE STORM

OUR OPENING DISPLAY AND SALE

WILL TAKE PLACE

THURSDAY :: OCTOBER :: 1st,

CONSISTING OF

Jackets, Capes, Furs, Misses' and Children's Garments, Suits, Waists and Separate Skirts.



WE INVITE ALL TO VISIT OUR

Cloak : Rooms : Thursday.



Our rooms have been enlarged to twice their former size and our stocks of Garments, Furs, Wrappers and Cotton Underwear far exceed any previous display shown by us.

We shall show Novelties in Garments Thursday (one of a kind) that cannot be duplicated later in the season. We may have just what you are looking for.



We are having a Special Sale on Medium Weight Jackets and Capes, also on Blankets and Puffs.

BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY

— AT OUR —

BLACK : DRESS : GOODS : DEPARTMENT

— FOR —

THURSDAY!

1 case, 40 pieces Black India Twills, 45 inches wide, previously bought to sell at 75 cents per yard.

ON SALE THURSDAY AS THE BARGAIN OF THE SEASON AT

39c Per Yard.

RINES BROTHERS COMPANY.